ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

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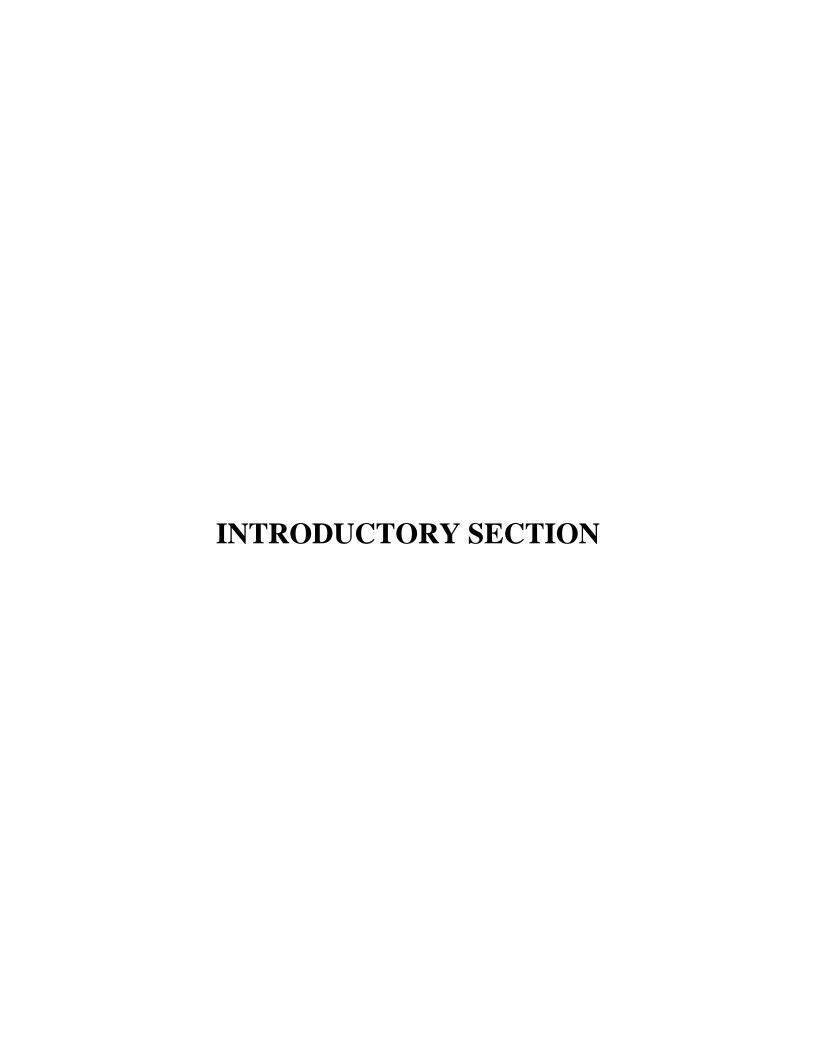
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PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

COMMISSIONERS' COURT

Drew Bynum County Judge

Johnny Waldrip

David Whitlock

Commissioner, Precinct #1

Commissioner, Precinct #2

Jackie Crisp

Commissioner, Precinct #3

C. E. "Gene" Short

Commissioner, Precinct #4

JUDICIAL

James P. FallonJudge, 15th District CourtRayburn NallJudge, 59th District CourtLaurine BlakeJudge, 336th District CourtJames HendersonJudge, County Court-at-LawCarol SiebmanJudge, County Court-at-Law

LAW ENFORCEMENT

Keith Gary County Sheriff
Joseph D. Brown County Attorney

Jason Kirk* Adult Probation Officer
Bill Bristow* Juvenile Probation Officer

FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION

J. Richey Rivers*

Virginia Hughes

County Auditor

County Treasurer

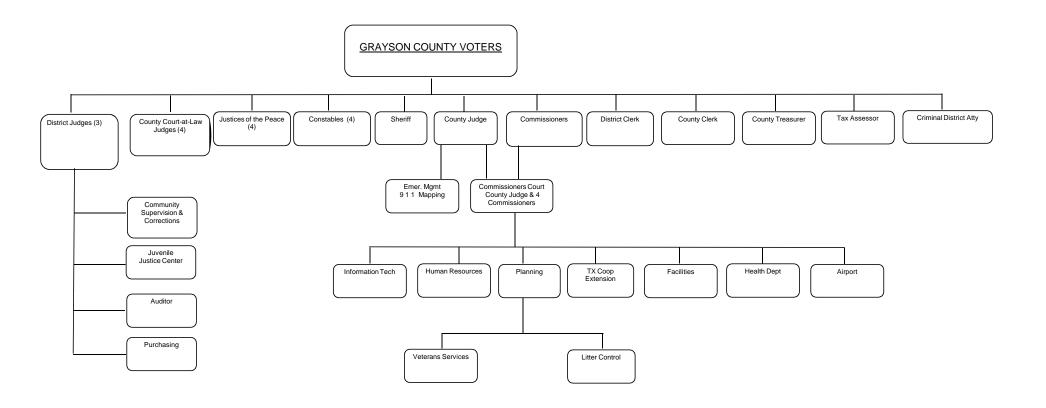
Tax Assessor/Collector

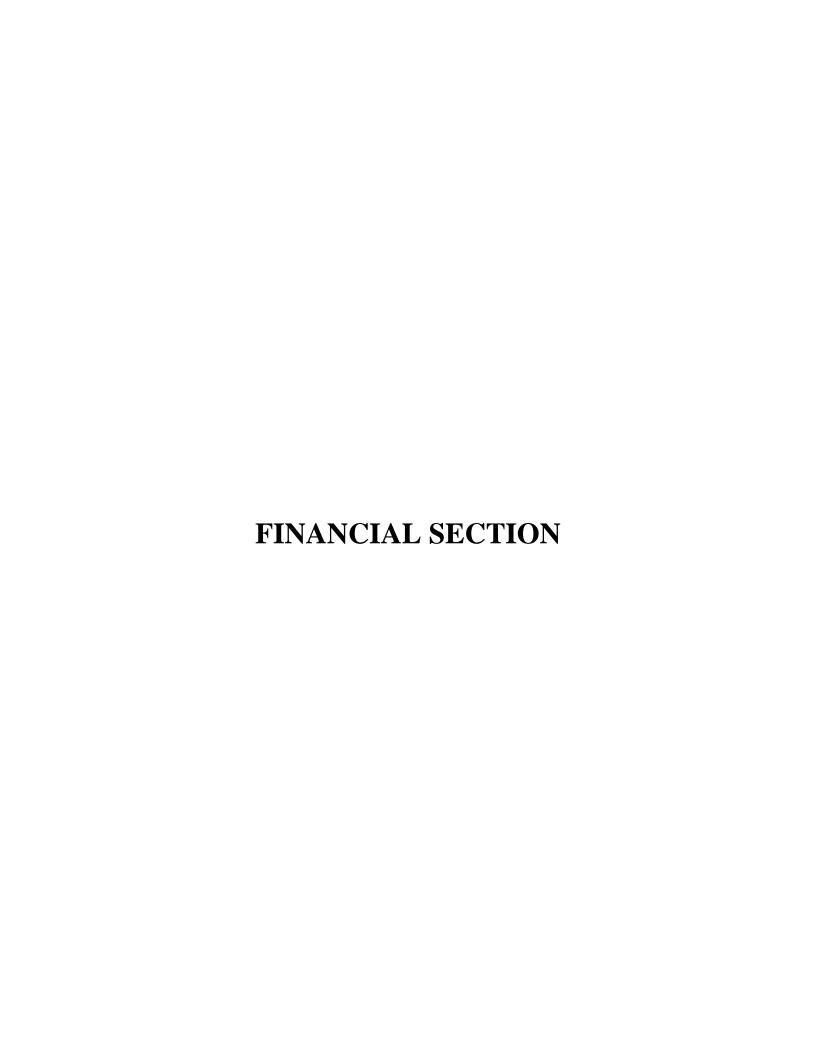
RECORDING OFFICIALS

Tracy Powers District Clerk Wilma Bush County Clerk

• Designates appointed officials. All others listed are elected officials.

GRAYSON COUNTY ORGANIZATION CHART









INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Commissioners' Court Grayson County, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Grayson County, Texas (the "County") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of September 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 2, 2009, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control of financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 12 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Grayson County, Texas' basic financial statements. The introductory section and combining statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Nonprofit Organizations,* and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of the County. The combining statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us in the audit of the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

June 2, 2009

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As Management of Grayson County, Texas, we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of Grayson County exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$66.2 million (net assets).
- The County's total net assets increased by \$2.3 million.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Grayson County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$64.4 million, a decrease of \$14 million in comparison with the prior year. Of the total fund balance, \$11.2 million is available for spending at the government's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$11.2 million, or 40% of total General Fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to Grayson County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances in a manner similar to private-sector business. The analysis of the County's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 5. Its primary purpose is to show whether the County is better or worse off as a result of the year's activities.

The *Statement of Net Assets* presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is changing.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the County's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected fines and earned, but unused, vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, judicial and legal, highways and streets, and health and welfare. The business-type activity of the County is the operation of an airport.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13 - 15 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Grayson County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

• **Governmental funds** – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains 46 governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Road and Bridge Fund, and Highway 289 Completion Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 43 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its major funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-21 of this report.

• **Proprietary funds** – Grayson County maintains one proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Grayson County uses an Enterprise Fund to account for its airport operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide information for the airport operation. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 22 - 24 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements on pages 27 - 50 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 51 - 55 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of the County's financial position. In the case of the County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$66.2 million as of September 30, 2008, an increase of \$2 million as compared with the previous fiscal year.

By far, the largest portion of Grayson County's net assets (\$34.9 million or 59 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. Grayson County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Grayson County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

GRAYSON COUNTY'S NET ASSETS

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities			Totals				
		2008		2007		2008		2007		2008		2007
Current and other assets	\$	95,607,568	\$	91,791,868	\$	426,321	\$	421,810	\$	96,033,889	\$	92,213,678
Capital assets		36,276,776		38,570,025	_	6,355,749		2,984,972		42,632,525		41,554,997
Total assets	_	131,884,344	_	130,361,893	_	6,782,070	_	3,406,782	_	138,666,414	_	133,768,675
Current liabilities		6,167,163		3,598,479		87,297		56,590		6,254,460		3,655,069
Long-term liabilities		66,170,053		65,848,390		-	_	23,219		66,170,053		65,871,609
Total liabilities		72,337,216		69,446,869	_	87,297	_	79,809	_	72,424,513		69,526,678
Net assets:												
Invested in capital assets,												
net of related debt		34,890,851		37,146,922		6,355,749		2,984,972		41,246,600		40,131,894
Restricted		47,992,927		62,923,806		-		-		47,992,927		62,923,806
Unrestricted	(23,336,650)	(39,155,704)	_	339,024	_	342,001	(22,997,626)	(38,813,703)
Total net assets	\$	59,547,128	\$	60,915,024	\$	6,694,773	\$	3,326,973	\$	66,241,901	\$	64,241,997

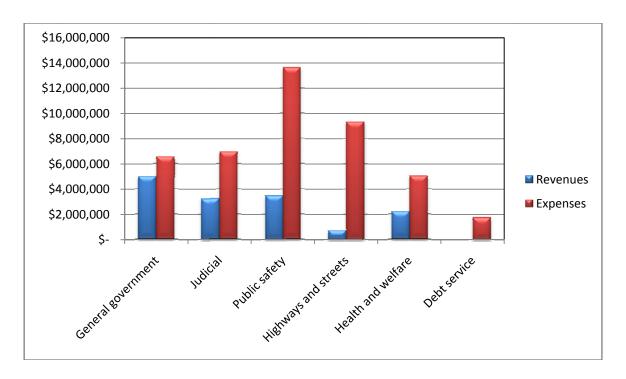
The County's revenues exceeded expenses by \$2.3 million during the current fiscal year. Changes in net assets are summarized as follows:

GRAYSON COUNTY, TEXAS' CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

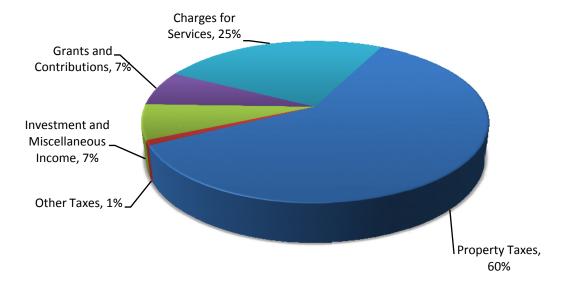
	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities			Totals				
		2008		2007		2008	_	2007		2008		2007
Revenues:												
Program revenues:	Φ.	11 000 022	e.	10 007 124	¢.	054.664	¢.	055 450	¢.	12.744.496	e.	11 050 577
Charges for services	\$	11,889,822	\$	10,997,124	\$	854,664	\$	855,452	\$	12,744,486	\$	11,852,576
Operating grants		2 042 120		2 (07 172		2 444 204		226 5 47		6 496 424		2 922 710
and contributions		3,042,130		3,607,172		3,444,304		226,547		6,486,434		3,833,719
General revenues:		27 272 262		25 505 422						25 250 272		25 505 422
Property taxes		27,378,363		25,507,432		-		-		27,378,363		25,507,432
Other taxes		412,935		447,767		-		102.527		412,935		447,767
Miscellaneous		582,586		175,104		44,894		102,527		627,480		277,631
Investment earnings		2,762,449		3,259,099		7,412		19,819		2,769,861		3,278,918
Gain (loss) on sale				400 400								
of capital assets		93,829		132,487		-		29,552		93,829		162,039
Insurance proceeds						4,556		25,953		4,556		25,953
Total revenues	_	46,162,114		44,126,185	_	4,355,830	_	1,259,850		50,517,944		45,386,035
Expenses:												
General government		7,610,107		6,571,877		_		_		7,610,107		6,571,877
Judicial		7,270,718		6,971,783		_		_		7,270,718		6,971,783
Elections		989		416		_		_		989		416
Public safety		14,808,088		13,644,835		_		_		14,808,088		13,644,835
Health and welfare		4,960,747		5,035,699		_		_		4,960,747		5,035,699
Highways and streets		8,549,164		9,351,696				_		8,549,164		9,351,696
Culture and recreation		158,725		191,799		_		_		158,725		191,799
Conservation and		130,723		171,777						130,723		171,777
development		172,756		251,177						172,756		251,177
Interest on long-term		172,730		231,177		-		-		172,730		231,177
debt		2,841,079		1,766,722						2,841,079		1,766,722
Fiscal fees		300		1,700,722		-		-		300		299
		120,065		120,265		-		-		120,065		120,265
Intergovernmental		120,003				1 705 000		1 (00 7(1				
Airport	_		-	=		1,705,008	_	1,699,761		1,705,008		1,699,761
Total expenses		46,492,738	_	43,906,568	_	1,705,008	_	1,699,761		48,197,746		45,606,329
Increases in net assets												
before transfers	(330,624)		219,617		2,650,822	(439,911)		2,320,198	(220,294)
Transfers	(716,978)	(809,884)		716,978		491,396		-	(318,488)
Change in net assets	(1,047,602)	(590,267)		3,367,800		51,485		2,320,198	(538,782)
Net assets, beginning		60,915,024		62,400,644		3,326,973		3,275,488		64,241,997		65,676,132
Prior period adjustment	(320,294)	(895,353)			_		(320,294)	(895,353)
Net assets, ending	\$	59,547,128	\$	60,915,024	\$	6,694,773	\$	3,326,973	\$	66,241,901	\$	64,241,997
rice assets, ending	Ψ	37,371,120	Ψ	50,713,024	Ψ	0,074,773	Ψ	3,320,773	Ψ	50,271,701	Ψ	07,271,777

Property tax revenues accounted for approximately 60 percent of revenues for governmental activities. The next largest segment of revenues came from charges for services, which accounted for 25 percent of total governmental revenues, with grants and contributions accounting for approximately 7 percent of total governmental revenues.

Expenses and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities



Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities

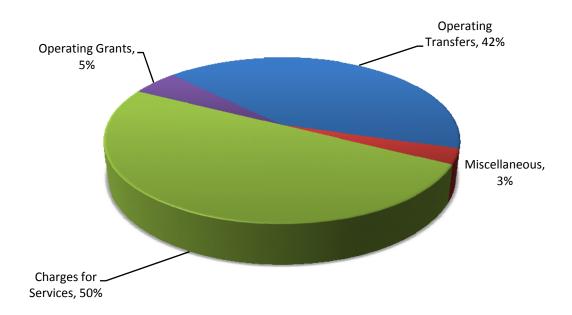


Government Activities

The County's total net assets increased by \$2.3 million in comparison with the prior fiscal year's decrease of \$539 thousand. The total cost of all governmental activities this year was \$46.5 million, an increase of 6% over the prior fiscal year. The amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$27.4 million or 59% of total governmental expenditures. The next largest segment of revenues came from charges for services, which accounted for \$11.9 million or 26% of total governmental expenditures.

Business-type Activities

The business-type activity of the County is the operations of a regional airport. Approximately 50 percent of airport operations is funded by tenant payments for rental of industrial and aircraft facilities. Operating grants comprise another 5 percent, and transfers from the General Fund to support the airport fire operations account for 42 percent of revenues.



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, Grayson County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus on Grayson County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, Grayson County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$64.3 million, a decrease of approximately \$14 million in comparison with the prior year. This large decrease was the result of proceeds from a bond issue which have begun to be spent to complete a highway construction project. Approximately 17 percent of this total amount (\$11.2 million) constitutes unrestricted fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. Approximately \$4.6 million is unreserved but designated for construction and other purposes. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has committed to pay debt service (\$3.2 million), road and bridge expenditures (\$3.7 million), capital project expenditures (\$41.5 million) or fund a special purpose trust (\$67 thousand).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Grayson County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$11.2 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unreserved fund balance to total fund expenditures. At September 30, 2008, unreserved fund balance represents 40% of the total General Fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the County's General Fund decreased by \$229 thousand during the current fiscal year. The key factors in this growth comes from increased property tax collections (current, delinquent, and penalties) resulting from continued growth in the tax base, and increases in charges for services and intergovernmental grants.

Debt Service Fund balances totaled \$3.2 million, all of which is reserved for the payment of debt service. The decrease in fund balance during the current year in the Debt Service Funds was \$2.3 million. This decrease resulted from initial interest payments using proceeds from bonds issued in the prior year.

Proprietary Funds

Grayson County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the Airport at the end of the year amounted to \$6.7 million. The total increase in net assets for the fund was \$3.4 million. Airport operations and transfers from the County's General Fund (\$717 thousand) resulted in this increase. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of Grayson County's business-type activities.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget were insignificant (\$123 thousand decrease in appropriations), with the most significant item being decreases in general government capital expenditures.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

Grayson County's investment in capital assets for its governmental type activities as of September 30, 2008, amounts to \$42.6 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, roads, and bridges.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Purchase of several law enforcement and road maintenance vehicles:
- Computer equipment in various departments; and
- Upgrades of County roads.

GRAYSON COUNTY'S CAPITAL ASSETS

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities			Totals				
		2008		2007	2008		2007		2008		2007
Land	\$	1,363,954	\$	1,363,954	\$ 2,600,238	\$	2,600,238	\$	3,964,192	\$	3,964,192
Infrastructure		23,673,508		25,903,958	23,607		-		23,697,115		25,903,958
Buildings		6,204,407		6,510,267	308,077		69,188		6,512,484		6,579,455
Improvements other											
than buildings		511,377		274,512	13,878		17,054		525,255		291,566
Machinery and equipment		3,907,769		4,232,596	196,160		78,745		4,103,929		4,311,341
Construction in progress		615,761		284,739	 3,213,789		219,746	_	3,829,550		504,485
Total capital assets	\$	36,276,776	\$	38,570,026	\$ 6,355,749	\$	2,984,971	\$	42,632,525	\$	41,554,997

Additional information regarding the County's capital assets can be found in Note III on pages 40 - 41 of this report.

Long-term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, Grayson County had total bonded debt of \$64.5 million. A portion of the debt service payments on this amount are funded through property taxes assessed annually. The larger portion of the debt payable will be funded using pass-through toll payments to be received from the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) in connection with an agreement between TxDOT and the County to reimburse the County for debt incurred for Highway 289 expansion and upgrade costs. Additionally, the County is liable for capital lease payments (\$561 thousand) which are backed by the full faith and credit of the government.

GRAYSON COUNTY'S OUTSTANDING DEBT AT YEAR-END

	Governmental Activities				
		2008		2007	
Pass-through Toll Revenue Bonds payable	\$	63,725,000	\$	63,725,000	
Premium on Pass-through Toll Bonds		362,962		389,848	
General Obligation Bonds payable		825,000		940,000	
Capital leases payable		560,925		535,464	
Compensated absences payable	_	696,166	_	578,888	
	\$	66,170,053	\$	66,169,200	

In 2007, Grayson County issued \$63,725,000 of Pass-through Toll Revenue and Limited Tax Bonds. Proceeds from this bond issue will be used to finance expansion of and improvements to State Highway 289 within the County, as well as pay for part of the costs of issuance of the bonds.

Grayson County's remaining bonded debt (general obligation bonds) consists of \$1.6 million of taxable permanent improvement bonds issued in 1994 to finance the addition to the existing jail. The original bond issue was payable over a 20-year period, but was not callable until after the first 10 years of the bonds had been paid (2004). Because there has been a considerable drop in interest rates, refinancing the callable portion of the bonds was done during fiscal year 2003, resulting in a significant drop in rates, and savings to the taxpayer.

Additional information on Grayson County's long-term debt can be found in Note III on pages 44 - 46 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- The unemployment rate for Grayson County on September 30, 2008, is 5.3 percent, which is an increase from a rate of 4.7 percent a year ago. This rate is comparable to the state's average unemployment rate of 5.1 percent, but lower than the national average of 6.2 percent.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.
- The continued growth northward from the Dallas area will continue to put demands on all aspects of County government.

During the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance in the General Fund increased to \$11,241,425. For accounting and budgeting purposes, the Commissioners' Court has separated the General Fund into two separate and identifiable funds. Daily operations of the County are paid from the primary fund (General Fund), which comprises \$10,216,081 of the available fund balance. A second portion of the General Fund comes from the State of Texas' settlement of a lawsuit against the tobacco industry (Tobacco Settlement Fund). The Commissioners' Court has set these funds aside to fund the ongoing operations of the Health Department, as far as costs are not covered by state or federal grants, and user charges. At September 30, 2008, this amount represented \$1,025,344 of the fund balance. For reporting purposes, these amounts are combined into a single amount.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Grayson County Auditor, 100 West Houston Street, Sherman, Texas 75090.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	Primary Government				
	Governmental	Business-type			
	Activities	Activities	Total		
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 68,277,996	\$ 415,928	\$ 68,693,924		
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	4,216,078	10,393	4,226,471		
Intergovernmental receivable	611,395	10,373	611,395		
Prepaid items	4,202	_	4,202		
Capitalized debt issuance costs	802,533	_	802,533		
Investment in Highway 289	21,695,364	-	21,695,364		
Capital assets:	21,093,304	-	21,093,304		
Land	1,363,954	2,600,238	3,964,192		
Infrastructure	99,355,325	14,692,783	114,048,108		
Buildings	17,742,326	5,399,467	23,141,793		
Improvements other than buildings	800,136	17,054	817,190		
Machinery and equipment	13,753,935	550,490	14,304,425		
Accumulated depreciation	(97,354,661)	(20,118,072)	(117,472,733)		
•					
Construction in progress	615,761	3,213,789	3,829,550		
Total assets	131,884,344	6,782,070	138,666,414		
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	4,631,257	87,297	4,718,554		
Intergovernmental payable	545,070	-	545,070		
Accrued interest payable	689,927	-	689,927		
Other current liabilities	1,930	-	1,930		
Unearned revenue	298,979	-	298,979		
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Due within one year	315,028	-	315,028		
Due in more than one year	65,855,025	-	65,855,025		
Total liabilities	72,337,216	87,297	72,424,513		
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets,					
net of related debt	34,890,851	6,355,749	41,246,600		
Restricted for:					
Debt service	2,560,068	-	2,560,068		
Capital projects	41,485,354	-	41,485,354		
Road and bridge	3,879,844	-	3,879,844		
Purpose of trust	67,661	-	67,661		
Unrestricted	(23,336,650)	339,024	(22,997,626)		
Total net assets	\$_59,547,128	\$6,694,773	\$ 66,241,901		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

		Prograr	Program Revenue					
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions					
Primary government								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 7,610,107	\$ 3,587,427	\$ 1,469,519					
Judicial	7,270,718	272,650	350,222					
Elections	989	<u>-</u>	16,868					
Public safety	14,808,088	1,807,732	496,685					
Highways and streets	8,549,164	4,733,090	289,346					
Health and welfare	4,960,747	1,488,923	419,490					
Culture and recreation	158,725	-	-					
Conservation and development	172,756	-	-					
Bond interest	2,841,079	-	-					
Miscellaneous fees	300	-	-					
Intergovernmental	120,065							
Total governmental activities	46,492,738	11,889,822	3,042,130					
Business-type activities:								
Grayson County Airport	1,705,008	854,664	3,444,304					
Total business-type activities	1,705,008	854,664	3,444,304					
Total primary government	\$ 48,197,746	\$12,744,486	\$ 6,486,434					
	Property taxes, le Other taxes Penalty and inter Miscellaneous reve Investment earning Gain on sale of fixed Insurance recovery Transfers Total general re	enue gs l assets evenues, special items an						
	Change in ne Net assets - beginnin							
	Prior period adjustme							
	Net assets- beginning							

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Net assets - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

		Primar	y Government				
G	overnmental Activities		siness-type activities		Total		
\$(2,553,161)	\$	-	\$(2,553,161)		
(6,647,846)		-	(6,647,846)		
	15,879		-		15,879		
(12,503,671)		-	(12,503,671)		
(3,526,728)		-	(3,526,728)		
(3,052,334)		-	(3,052,334)		
(158,725)		-	(158,725)		
(172,756)		-	(172,756)		
(2,841,079)		-	(2,841,079)		
(300)		-	(300)		
(120,065)		-	(120,065)		
(31,560,786)			(31,560,786)		
	_		2,593,960		2,593,960		
			-				
	-		2,593,960		2,593,960		
(31,560,786)		2,593,960	(28,966,826)		
	26,826,839		-		26,826,839		
	551,524		-		551,524		
	191,220		-		191,220		
	221,715		-		221,715		
	582,586		44,894		627,480		
	2,762,449		7,412		2,769,861		
	93,829		-		93,829		
	-		4,556		4,556		
(716,978)		716,978				
	30,513,184		773,840		31,287,024		
(1,047,602)		3,367,800		2,320,198		
	60,915,024		3,326,973		64,241,997		
(320,294)			(320,294)		
	60,594,730		3,326,973		63,921,703		
\$	59,547,128	\$	6,694,773	\$ <u></u>	66,241,901		

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	General	Road and Bridge	Highway 289 Completion
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 12,144,465	\$ 4,112,266	\$ 44,377,663
Taxes receivable	1,763,036	154,216	-
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)	301,739	210,608	-
Intergovernmental receivables	195,871	46,447	-
Due from other funds	160,831	-	-
Prepaid items	4,202		
Total assets	\$ <u>14,570,144</u>	\$ 4,523,537	\$ <u>44,377,663</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 1,155,055	\$ 344,714	\$ 2,920,343
Intergovernmental payable	543,316	-	-
Due to other funds	=	-	-
Deferred revenue	1,630,348	440,383	-
Other current liabilities	-		
Total liabilities	3,328,719	785,097	2,920,343
Fund balances:			
Reserved for:			
Debt service	-	-	-
Capital projects	-	-	41,457,320
Road and bridge	=	3,738,440	-
Purpose of trust	-	-	-
Unreserved, designated in:			
Specific purpose	-	-	-
Special revenue fund	-	-	-
Unreserved and undesignated:	11 011 107		
Reported in the general fund	11,241,425		<u> </u>
Total fund balances	11,241,425	3,738,440	41,457,320
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ <u>14,570,144</u>	\$ <u>4,523,537</u>	\$ <u>44,377,663</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental
\$ 7,643,602 33,112 274,017 369,077	\$ 68,277,996 1,950,364 786,364 611,395 160,831 4,202
\$ 8,319,808	\$ 71,791,152
\$ 211,145 1,754 160,831 30,504 1,930 406,164	\$ 4,631,257 545,070 160,831 2,101,235 1,930 7,440,323
3,236,659 8,849 - 67,661 3,452,058 1,148,417	3,236,659 41,466,169 3,738,440 67,661 3,452,058 1,148,417 11,241,425
7,913,644	64,350,829
\$ 8,319,808	\$ 71,791,152



RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$	64,350,829
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$132,982,604, and the accumulated depreciation was \$94,412,580. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds and leases payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase net assets.	(27,599,176)
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the 2008 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net assets.		2,553,051
The 2008 depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net assets.	(4,136,719)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying capital lease proceeds as an increase in debt payable, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is		
to decrease net assets.		24,379,143

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Net assets of governmental activities

\$ 59,547,128

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

		General	Road and Bridge		Highway 289 Completion	
REVENUES		<u> </u>		and Bridge		- sompretion
Taxes:						
Property	\$	23,996,654	\$	2,665,620	\$	-
Other		191,220		-		-
Penalty and interest on taxes		386,274		35,332		-
Licenses and permits		70,410		-		-
Intergovernmental revenue and grants		1,375,247		289,346		-
Charges for services		2,600,165		2,724,210		-
Fines		66,895		-		-
Forfeits		-		-		-
Vehicle registration fees		509,371		1,937,068		-
Investment earnings		627,431		129,291		1,731,672
Contributions and donations from private sources		-		-		-
Other revenue		290,652		6,403		-
Total revenues		30,114,319		7,787,270		1,731,672
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		6,388,917		-		-
Judicial		6,510,761		-		-
Elections		-		-		-
Public safety		12,192,118		-		-
Highways and streets		-		6,097,752		-
Health and welfare		1,356,306		-		-
Culture and recreation		158,255		-		-
Conservation and development		172,226		-		-
Debt service:						
Principal		154,631		6,319		-
Interest		17,073		4,751		-
Miscellaneous fees		-		-		-
Capital outlay		756,854		827,260		15,035,142
Intergovernmental		120,065		-		-
Total expenditures		27,827,206	_	6,936,082		15,035,142
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES		2,287,113	_	851,188	(13,303,470)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Sale of real and personal property		-		101,522		-
Proceeds from capital leases		-		236,210		-
Transfers in		-		-		-
Transfers out	(2,516,306)				
Total other financing sources and uses	(2,516,306)	_	337,732		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(229,193)		1,188,920	(13,303,470)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		11,470,618		2,549,520		54,760,790
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	11,241,425	\$	3,738,440	\$	41,457,320

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Other			
Governmental	Total		
Funds	Governmental		
\$ 548,767	\$ 27,211,041		
-	191,220		
7,518	429,124		
269,590	340,000		
2,000,536	3,665,129		
2,620,649	7,945,024		
68,324	135,219		
106,263	106,263		
-	2,446,439		
274,055	2,440,439		
241,406	241,406		
285,728	582,783		
6,422,836	46,056,097		
424,140	6,813,057		
695,892	7,206,653		
989	989		
2,075,227	14,267,345		
20,656	6,118,408		
3,554,900	4,911,206		
-	158,255		
-	172,226		
164,799	325,749		
2,795,792	2,817,616		
300	300		
272,347	16,891,603		
-	120,065		
10,005,042	59,803,472		
10,003,042	37,003,472		
(3,582,206)	(13,747,375)		
55,844	157,366		
-	236,210		
1,946,090	1,946,090		
(146,762)	(2,663,068)		
1,855,172	(323,402)		
(1,727,034)	(14,070,777)		
9,640,678	78,421,606		
\$ 7,913,644	\$ 64,350,829		



RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$(14,070,777)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the 2008 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net assets.		2,553,051
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net assets.	(4,136,719)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to decrease net		
assets.	_	14,606,843
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ <u>(</u>	1,047,602)



STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	Grayson County Airport
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 415,928
Accounts receivable	10,393
Total current assets	426,321
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets:	
Land	2,600,238
Infrastructure	14,692,783
Buildings	5,399,467
Improvements other than buildings	17,054
Machinery and equipment	550,490
Construction in progress	3,213,789
Accumulated depreciation	(20,118,072)
Total noncurrent assets	6,355,749
Total assets	6,782,070
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	48,757
Security deposits payable	12,523
Compensated absences	26,017
Total liabilities	87,297
NET ASSETS	
Unrestricted net assets	6,694,773
Total net assets	\$ 6,694,773



STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

		Grayson County Airport
OPERATING REVENUES		
Grant funding	\$	3,444,304
Charges for services	·	69,111
Rents and royalties		785,553
Other revenue		44,894
Total operating revenues	_	4,343,862
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries, wages and benefits		556,892
Purchased professional and technical services		98,308
Purchased property services		171,615
Other operating expenses		833,199
Depreciation	_	44,994
Total operating expenses	_	1,705,008
OPERATING GAIN	_	2,638,854
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Investment earnings		7,412
Insurance recovery	_	4,556
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_	11,968
NET GAIN BEFORE TRANSFERS		2,650,822
NONOPERATING TRANSFER IN	_	716,978
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		3,367,800
TOTAL NET ASSETS, BEGINNING	_	3,326,973
TOTAL NET ASSETS, ENDING	\$_	6,694,773

STATEMENT OF CASHFLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	Grayson County Airport
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Cash received from user charges	\$ 4,379,366
Cash payments to employees for services	(554,094)
Cash payments for other operating expenses	(1,098,432)
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,726,840
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	125.000
Cash paid from other funds	137,900
Insurance proceeds	4,556
Net cash provided by	
noncapital financing activities	<u>142,456</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Acquisition on capital assets	(2,698,793)
Net cash used by capital and related	
financing activities	(2,698,793)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest and dividends on investments	7,412
Net cash provided by investing activities	7,412
NET INCREASE IN CASH	
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	177,915
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING	238,013
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	\$ 415,928

STATEMENT OF CASHFLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

		Grayson County Airport
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET		
CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating gain	\$	2,638,854
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation		44,994
Assets and liabilities:		
Decrease (increase) in receivables		35,504
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		4,690
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	_	2,798
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$_	2,726,840

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	Agency Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments - current	\$ 3,431,034 3,149,006
Total assets	\$ <u>6,580,040</u>
LIABILITIES Due to other agencies and individuals	\$ <u>6,580,040</u>
Total liabilities	\$ 6,580,040

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying basic financial statements of Grayson County, Texas (the "County"), have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. These notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the basic financial statements of the County. The following is a discussion of the more significant accounting policies utilized by the County.

A. Reporting Entity

GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," establishes criteria that should be considered and evaluated along with other judgmental factors before a decision is made to include one governmental unit with another governmental unit for the purpose of issuing basic financial statements. The five criteria considered were 1) financial accountability, 2) appointment of a voting majority, 3) imposition of will, 4) financial benefit to or a burden on a primary government, and 5) financial accountability as a result of fiscal dependency.

In evaluating how to define the County for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision on whether or not to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in the preceding paragraph.

The County is a partner in a joint venture with various local governmental units. These governments have formed the Juvenile Detention Center of Grayson, Cooke, and Fannin Counties, which provides residential services for juveniles of any county. This joint venture does not meet the criteria stated above for inclusion in the county's financial statements and has no equity interest to require its inclusion as an investment in the County's financial statements per guidance established by GASB No. 14. Details of this investment are discussed in Note IV-G.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and service charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because they cannot be used for the County's operations. Major individual governmental funds and the major individual Enterprise Fund are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

C. <u>Measurement Focus</u>, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The <u>Road and Bridge Fund</u> is used to account for the operation, construction and maintenance of roads and bridges. Financing is provided by a special annual property tax levy to the extent miscellaneous revenue (principally fines and fees of office) are not sufficient to provide such financing. The County is divided into four precincts; each precinct is provided with a separate budget administered by the County Commissioner elected from such precinct.

The <u>Highway 289 Completion Fund</u> accounts for the cost of designing, developing, constructing, extending, expanding or improving State Highway 289, a part of the state highway system located in the County. The financing is provided by a bond issue payable in whole or in part from payments received by the County pursuant to a Pass-through Toll Agreement between the County and the Texas Department of Transportation.

Additionally, the County reports the following proprietary fund:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> account for the operation of the Grayson County Airport. All activities necessary to provide for the Airport's services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, and maintenance. The name of the airport will change to North Texas Regional Airport for the 2008 reporting period.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

<u>Agency Funds</u> are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and Enterprise Funds, subject to this same limitation. The County has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's Enterprise Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the Enterprise Fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

1. Cash and Investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposit and savings accounts, as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the County.

The County is legally permitted to purchase as investments or collateralize deposits with the following types of instruments: (1) obligations of the United States or its agencies; (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; (3) other obligations, the principal of and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States; (4) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions of any state having an investment quality rating of A; (5) certificates of deposit issued by state or national banks domiciled in Texas that are guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or secured by obligations described in (1) through (4) above; and (6) fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

2. Inventories

Inventories of supplies on hand have not been recorded. Such supplies are not considered material and have been expensed when purchased.

3. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 180 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles.

Property taxes are levied prior to October 1 of each year and become delinquent on the subsequent February 1. Delinquent real property taxes are expected to be collected, as these delinquent amounts are a lien against the related property until paid. These amounts are classified as noncurrent and are reflected on the balance sheets of the related funds. A corresponding balance is reflected as deferred revenue as these amounts are not available spendable resources.

Collections of the current year's levy are reported as current revenue if received by June 30 (within 9 months of the October 1 due date). Collections received thereafter are reported as delinquent tax revenue.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

4. Capital Assets (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Assets	Years
·	
Buildings	20 - 50
Improvements	5 - 50
Equipment	5 - 20
Infrastructure	35 - 125

5. Compensated Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Accrued sick pay benefits are lost upon termination. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

6. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets.

In the fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources for the governmental fund types.

For governmental fund types, bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are recognized during the current period. Bond proceeds are reported as another financing source. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. For proprietary fund types, bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are charged to current operations rather than being deferred and amortized due to the relatively immaterial effect on the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

7. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

8. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. (Net assets invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds.) Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations improved on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. <u>Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet</u> and the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets

Page 18 provides the reconciliation between the fund balance for total governmental funds on the governmental fund balance sheet and the net assets for governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that capital assets are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in governmental funds. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The details of capital assets and long-term debt at the beginning of the year were as follows:

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. <u>Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet</u> and the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets

Capital Assets at the Beginning of the Year		Historic Cost	_	Accumulated Depreciation	tl	Net Value at ne Beginning of the Year		Adjustments to Net Assets
Non-depreciable assets: Land Construction in progress Total non-depreciable assets	\$	1,363,954 284,739 1,648,693	\$	- - -	\$	1,363,954 284,739 1,648,693	\$	-
Depreciable assets: Infrastructure Buildings Improvements Machinery and equipment Total depreciable assets Total assets at historical cost Subtotal	 \$	99,438,508 17,486,392 485,450 13,923,561 131,333,911 132,982,604	- \$_	73,534,550 10,976,126 210,938 9,690,966 94,412,580	_ _ \$_	25,903,958 6,510,266 274,512 4,232,595 36,921,331 38,570,024	_	38,570,024 38,570,024
Long-term Liabilities at the Beginning of the Year Bonds payable Capital leases payable Compensated absences Change in net assets	_					Payable at ne Beginning of the Year 65,054,848 535,464 578,888	(66,169,200)
Net adjustment to net assets							\$ <u>(</u>	27,599,176)

B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

Page 21 provides a reconciliation between the net changes in fund balance as shown on the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported on the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that current year capital outlays and debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but should be shown as increases in capital assets and decreases in long-term debt in the government-wide statements. This adjustment affects both the net asset balance and the changes in net assets. The details of this adjustment are as follows:

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities (Continued)

Current Year Capital Outlay	Amount	Adjustments to Changes in Net Assets	Adjustments to Net Assets
Building	\$ 255,984	\$ -	\$ -
Infrastructure	532,358	-	-
Improvements other than buildings	79,220	-	-
Machinery and equipment	1,004,009	-	-
Construction in progress	355,781	-	-
Total capital outlay	\$ 2,227,352	2,227,302	2,227,302
Debt Principal Payments			
Bond principal	\$ 115,000	-	-
Capital lease principal	210,749	-	-
Total principal payments	\$325,749	325,749	325,749
Total adjustment to net assets		\$ 2,553,051	\$

Another element of the reconciliation on page 21 is described as various other reclassifications and eliminations necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. This adjustment is the result of several items. The details for this element are as follows:

Adjustments to Revenue and Deferred Revenue		Amount	to	ljustments Changes Net Assets		Adjustments to Net Assets
Taxes collected from prior year levies	\$	645,684	\$(645,684)	\$	-
Uncollected taxes (assumed collectible)						
from current year levy		760,047		760,047		760,049
Uncollected taxes (assumed collectible)						
from prior year levy		1,042,207		-		1,042,207
Adjustments to prior year estimates of collectible taxes		52,959		52,959		-
Subtotal				167,322	_	1,802,256
Adjustments to Expenses and Liabilities	_					
Record beginning balance for accrued interest payable		690,728		-	(690,728)
Record decrease in accrued interest payable		801		801		801
Record increase in compensated absences payable		117,278	(117,278)	(117,278)
Record beginning balance for Highway 289 investment		6,660,221		-		6,660,221
Reclassify Highway 289 capital outlay to investment in						
Highway 289		15,035,143		15,035,143		15,035,143
Record beginning balance of debt issuance cost		853,683		-		853,683
Record amortization of debt issuance costs		51,150	(51,150)	(51,150)
Record amortization of bond premium		26,886		26,886	_	26,886
Subtotal				14,894,402	_	21,717,578

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities (Continued)

Adjustments to Revenue and Receivables		Amount	to	djustments Changes Net Assets		djustments to Vet Assets
Record beginning balance for fee office receivables, net	\$	816,178	\$	-	\$	816,178
Increase fee office receivable, net		52,275		52,275		52,275
Record beginning balance for penalties and interest						
receivable, net		818,306		-		818,306
Decrease in penalties and interest receivable, net		207,409	(207,409)	(207,409)
Subtotal			(155,134)		1,479,350
Reclassifications	_					
Reclassify proceeds from sale of capital assets		157,366	(157,366)	(157,366)
Record gain on assets retired		93,829		93,829		93,829
Reclassify proceeds from capital lease		236,210	(236,210)	(236,210)
Subtotal			(299,747)	(299,747)
Prior Period Adjustments						
Decrease in infrastructure and construction in progress		320,294			(320,294)
Subtotal					(320,294)
Total adjustments to net assets			\$	14,606,843	\$	24,379,143

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Cash and Investments

Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits and Investments

The funds of the County must be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract, contents of which are set out in the *Depository Contract Law*. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the County's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect County funds, on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) Insurance.

A. <u>Cash and Investments</u> (Continued)

Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits and Investments (Continued)

At September 30, 2008, the carrying amount of the County's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was:

U. S. Treasury Securities	\$ 32,387,015
Bank of Texas	688,413
Texas Local Govenrment Investment Pool	35,930,218
LOGIC	5,564
Total	\$ 69,011,210

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maxim average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

Local government investment pools operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Local government investment pools use amortized cost rather than market value to report net assets to compute share prices. Accordingly, the fair value of the position in these pools is the same as the value of the shares in each pool.

TexPool is organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. The Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts is the sole officer, director and shareholder of the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company, which is authorized to operate TexPool. TexPool uses amortized costs to report net assets and share prices since that amount approximates fair value.

LOGIC operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, to the extent such rule is applicable to their operations. Accordingly, it uses that amortized cost method permitted by SEC Rule 2a-7 to report net assets and share prices since that amount approximates fair value. The investment activities of LOGIC are administered by Patterson & Associates and SW Capital Corporation. There is no regulatory oversight by the State of Texas over LOGIC.

A. <u>Cash and Investments</u> (Continued)

Policies Governing Deposits and Investments

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the County has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy addresses the following risks:

Custodial Credit Risk – Cash Deposits: This is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County's investment policy requires that all County funds be collateralized or insured consistent with federal and state law and the current bank depository contract through either FDIC insurance coverage or with obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities. The County was not exposed to custodial credit risk since its deposits at year-end and during the year ended September 30, 2008, were covered by depository insurance or by pledged collateral held by the County's agent bank in the County's name.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments: This is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investments are subject to custodial credit risk only if they are evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form; thus positions in external investment pools are not subject to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

Other Credit Risk: There is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. As of September 30, 2008, TexPool's investment credit quality rating was AAAm and LOGiC's investment credit quality rating was Aaa/MRI+ as rated by Standard & Poor's.

B. Restricted Assets

Bank deposits and investments of \$3,234,786 in the Debt Service Funds are restricted by law for the retirement of outstanding bonded debt and capital lease liability and interest. Deposits and investments of \$8,849 in the Special Right-of-Way Fund and \$44,377,663 in the Highway 289 Completion Fund (Capital Projects Funds) are restricted to the purchase of right-of-ways and highway construction. Bank deposits and investments of \$67,661 in the Texoma Succeeding Generations Trust (Permanent Fund) are restricted for the purchase or construction of a building to be used for the cultural benefit of the citizens of the County.

C. Property Taxes

Property subject to taxation consists of real property and certain personal property situated in the County. Certain properties of religious, educational and charitable organizations, including the federal government and the State of Texas, are exempt from taxation. Additionally, there are other exemptions, in arriving at the total assessed valuation of property subject to County taxation. The valuations are subject to countywide revaluation every year. The effective tax rate is computed based upon the previous year's total assessed valuation.

Portions of the adopted tax rate are assessed and designated for specific purposes. These designated tax revenues are deposited into funds created for the accumulation and disbursement of these revenues. The following schedule details the components of the 2007 tax rate allocated to each fund:

		Rate Per \$100	Current (2007) Tax Revenue Collected
		<u> </u>	
Permanent Improvement Bonds -			
2007 Series (debt service)	\$	0.005000	\$ 271,755
2003 Series (debt service)		0.003110	171,816
Road and bridge fund (special revenue)		0.048412	2,665,620
Permanent improvement fund (capital projects)		0.001862	105,196
General fund	_	0.432516	 23,996,654
			 ·
	\$_	0.490900	\$ 27,211,041

Ad valorem taxes are levied prior to October 1 and are due and payable from October 1 of the year in which levied until January 31 of the following year without interest or penalty. Taxes become delinquent February 1 of each year and are subject to simple interest of 12% per annum, plus a 6% penalty for the first calendar month such taxes are delinquent, plus an additional 2 percent each month thereafter not to exceed 12%.

Taxes on real property attach as an enforceable lien as of January 1 and are a lien against such property until paid. The County may foreclose on real property upon which it has a lien for unpaid taxes. Delinquent taxes on property not otherwise collected are generally paid when there is a sale or transfer of the title to the property. Any liens and subsequent suits against the taxpayer for payment of delinquent personal property taxes are barred unless instituted within four years from the time such taxes become delinquent. Unlike real property, the sale or transfer of most personal property does not require any evidence that taxes thereon are paid.

D. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2008, are as follows:

Primary Government

·	Beginning Balance	Addition		Retirements/ eclassifications		Γransfers/ djustments		ior Period ljustments		Ending Balance
Governmental activities:										
Capital assets, not being depreciated:										
Land	\$ 1,363,9	954 \$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,363,954
Construction in progress	284,7	739 355,7	81	-	_	-	(24,759)	_	615,761
Total assets not being depreciated	1,648,6	593 355,7	81		_	-	(24,759)	_	1,979,715
Capital assets, being depreciated:										
Infrastructure	99,438,5	508 532,3	58 (320,006)		-	(295,535)		99,355,325
Buildings	17,486,3	392 255,9	34	-		-		-		17,742,326
Improvements other than buildings	485,4	150 79,2	20	-		235,466		-		800,136
Machinery and equipment	13,923,5	1,004,0	09	876,284)	(297,351)	_		_	13,753,935
Total capital assets being depreciated	131,333,9	1,871,5	21 (1,196,290)	(61,885)	(295,535)	_	131,651,722
Less accumulated depreciation:										
Infrastructure	73,534,5	550 2,467,2	73 (320,006)		-		-		75,681,817
Buildings	10,976,1	126 561,7	93	-		-		-		11,537,919
Improvements other than buildings	210,9	938 77,8	21	-		-		-		288,759
Machinery and equipment	9,690,9	1,029,8	32	812,747)	(61,885)			_	9,846,166
Total accumulated depreciation	94,412,5	4,136,7	<u>19</u> (1,132,753)	(61,885)	_		_	97,354,661
Total capital assets being										
depreciated, net	36,921,3	331 (2,265,1	98) (63,537)			(295,535)	_	34,297,061
Governmental activities capital										
assets, net	\$ 38,570,0)24 \$ <u>(1,909,4</u>	17) \$(63,537)	\$	-	\$(320,294)	\$	36,276,776

D. Capital Assets (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements/ Reclassifications	Transfers/ Adjustments	Ending Balance
Business-type activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 2,600,238	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,600,238
Construction in progress	219,746	3,275,213	(281,170)		3,213,789
Total assets not being depreciated	2,819,984	3,275,213	(281,170)		5,814,027
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Infrastructure	14,667,933	24,850	-	-	14,692,783
Buildings	5,143,147	256,320	-	-	5,399,467
Improvements other than buildings	17,054	-	-	-	17,054
Machinery and equipment	348,047	140,558		61,885	550,490
Total capital assets being depreciated	20,176,181	421,728		61,885	20,659,794
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Infrastructure	14,667,933	1,243	-	-	14,669,176
Buildings	5,072,488	20,902	-	(2,000)	5,091,390
Improvements other than buildings	1,471	1,705	-	-	3,176
Machinery and equipment	269,301	23,144		61,885	354,330
Total accumulated depreciation	20,011,193	46,994		59,885	20,118,072
Total capital assets being					
depreciated, net	164,988	374,734		2,000	541,722
Business-type activities capital					
assets, net	\$ 2,984,972	\$ 3,649,947	\$ <u>(281,170)</u>	\$ 2,000	\$ 6,355,749

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	615,313
Judicial		42,686
Public safety		498,441
Health and welfare		35,306
Highways and streets	_	2,944,973
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$_	4,136,719
Business-type activities:		
Airport	\$_	46,994
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$_	46,994

E. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

Interfund balances during the year ended September 30, 2008, consisted of the following amounts:

Due from	Amount	Due to
Nonmajor	\$ 160,831	General

These balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided on reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made.

Interfund transfers during the year ended September 30, 2008, consisted of the following amounts:

Transfer from	Amount	Transfer to	Explanation
General fund General fund Nonmajor funds	\$ 716,978 1,799,328 146,762	Airport fund Nonmajor funds Nonmajor funds	Supplement fund resources Supplement fund resources Supplement fund resources
	\$ 2,663,068		

F. Leasing Operations

Airport operations consist principally of leasing land and buildings. All such leases are operating leases, as defined by GAAP. Excluding renewal options, 3 of 51 leases expire during the next 5 fiscal years.

Below is a summary of the cost and related accumulated depreciation of buildings used in operating leases activity as of September 30, 2008:

Buildings	\$	5,399,467
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>(</u>	5,091,390)
Net	\$	308,077

The following is a summary of minimum future rentals to be received on non-cancellable operating leases in effect as of September 30, 2008. The summary does not include amounts attributable to potential future increases in rental payments due to increases in the consumer price index, renewal options or unit revenue (fuel flowage).

F. Leasing Operations (Continued)

Year Ending September 30,	Lease Obligation
2009	\$ 585,408
2010	584,823
2011	584,628
2012	560,070
2013	522,108
2014-2018	2,076,721
2019-2023	1,648,219
2024-2028	1,479,376
2029-2033	774,297
2034-2038	163,060
2039-2043	115,722
Thereafter	33,171
Total	\$ 9,127,603

G. Investments in Joint Venture

The Cooke, Fannin, and Grayson County Juvenile Detention Center (Detention Center) was established under an interlocal agreement between the three participating counties (Participants) dated July 13, 1983. The Center provides probation, detention and diagnostic services for juveniles under the jurisdiction of the Participants and is available to other entities on a fee basis. The Detention Center is managed by a board of directors, which is composed of seven members, three appointed by the Commissioners of Grayson County, and two members each appointed by the Commissioners of Cooke and Fannin Counties, The Detention Center was constructed with grant funds and amounts respectively. contributed by the three Participants. Grayson County has been recognized as the administrative entity for financial activities and personnel support and benefits by contract dated October 31, 1983. All costs associated with the Detention Center after applicable charges and grants are shared by the Participants and are allocated as follows: Cooke, 20%; Fannin, 20%; and Grayson, 60%. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility because the Detention Center's continued existence depends upon the continual funding by its members. The Detention Center does not have stock and the members do not have an explicit, measurable right to the net resources of the Detention Center; therefore, no equity interest exists.

Complete financial statements of the individual joint venture can be obtained from its administrative office as follows: Cooke, Fannin and Grayson County, Juvenile Detention Center, 9501 Dyess Street, Denison, Texas 75020.

H. Capital Leases

During the year ended September 30, 2003, the County entered into a lease agreement with Banc One Leasing Corporation for electrical service equipment. The lease meets the criteria of a capital lease, and \$1,129,211 was recorded as an addition to the County's fixed assets to record the asset acquired. Commitments under the capital lease agreement require quarterly payments of \$42,926, including interest at 3.6%.

During the year ended September 30, 2008, the County entered into a lease agreement with Caterpillar Financial Services Corporation for a motor grader. The lease meets the criteria of a capital lease, and \$235,350 was recorded as an addition to the County's capital assets to record the asset acquired. Commitments under the capital lease agreement require quarterly payments of \$5,535, including interest at 4.0%.

Debt service requirements are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,]	Total Principal]	Total Interest]	Total Requirements
2009 2010 2011	\$	174,863 181,415 28,384	\$	18,981 12,430 8,012	\$	•
2012	_	176,263		5,669		181,932
Total	\$	560,925	\$	45,092	\$	606,017

I. Long-term Debt

General Obligation Bonds

The County issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. These bonds are reported in the proprietary funds if they are expected to be repaid from proprietary fund revenue. The original amount of general obligation bonds issued in prior years was \$2,920,000.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. These bonds generally are issued as 20-year serial bonds with equal amounts of principal maturing each year. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates	 Amount
Governmental activities - refunding	1.5% - 4.9%	\$ 825,000

I. Long-term Debt (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending		Governmental Activities				Total		
September 30,]	Principal Interest		Principal Interest Requ		equirements		
2009	\$	120,000	\$	38,783	\$	158,783		
2010		130,000		33,803		163,803		
2011		135,000		28,083		163,083		
2012		140,000		21,603		161,603		
2013	_	300,000		22,451		322,451		
Total	\$	825,000	\$	144,723	\$	969,723		

Pass-through Toll Revenue and Limited Tax Bonds

On February 1, 2007, Grayson County issued \$63,725,000 of Pass-through Toll Revenue and Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2007 (the "Bonds"). The Bonds were issued pursuant to the authority granted to the County by Chapter 1479, Texas Government Code, as amended; and the "Order Authorizing the Issuance of Grayson County, Texas Pass-through Toll Revenue and Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2007" adopted by the Commissioners' Court on January 22, 2007 (the "Order"). The Order authorizes the issuance of the Bonds payable in whole or in part from payments (the "Payments") received by the County pursuant to a Pass-through Toll Agreement effective as of November 17, 2006, (the "Agreement") between the County and the Texas Department of Transportation (the "Department"), an agency of the State of Texas charged with administering state and federal funds for highway construction and maintenance.

Proceeds from the sale of the Bonds are being used for (i) designing, developing, financing, constructing, extending, expanding or improving a non-toll project or facility for State Highway 289, a part of the state highway system located in the County, (ii) capitalizing a portion of the interest on the Bonds, and (iii) paying the costs of issuing the Bonds.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the Pass-through Revenue and Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2007 are as follows:

Year Ending	Government	tal Activities	Total
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Requirements
2009	\$ -	\$ 2,751,638	\$ 2,751,638
2010	-	2,751,638	2,751,638
2011	2,850,000	2,694,638	5,544,638
2012	2,965,000	2,578,338	5,543,338
2013	3,090,000	2,457,238	5,547,238
2014-2018	17,435,000	10,289,288	27,724,288
2019-2023	21,790,000	5,938,719	27,728,719
2024-2026	15,595,000	1,041,247	16,636,247
Total	\$ 63,725,000	\$ 30,502,744	\$ 94,227,744

I. <u>Long-term Debt</u> (Continued)

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2008, is as follows:

Description	Balance 09/30/07		Additions		Retirements		Balance 09/30/08		Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities:										
General obligation bonds	\$	940,000	\$	-	\$	115,000	\$	825,000	\$	120,000
Pass-through toll revenue										
and limited tax bonds		63,725,000		-		-		63,725,000		-
Premium on pass-through toll										
revenue and limited tax bonds		389,848		-		26,886		362,962		20,165
Capital leases		535,464		236,210		210,749		560,925		174,863
Compensated absences		578,888		117,278	_			696,166		-
Governmental activities										
long-term liabilities	\$	66,169,200	\$	353,488	\$	352,635	\$	66,170,053	\$	315,028
Business-type activities:										
Compensated absences	\$	23,219	\$	2,798	\$	-	\$	26,017	\$	-
Business-type activities										
long-term liabilities	\$	23,219	\$	2,798	\$		\$	26,017	\$	-

The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

J. <u>Disaggregation of Receivables and Payables</u>

Receivables on the fund financial statements at September 30, 2008, are as follows:

		Property Taxes		governmental Receivable		Other	Total Receivables		
Governmental activities:									
General fund	\$	1,763,036	\$	195,871	\$	301,739	\$	2,260,646	
Road and bridge fund		154,216		46,447		210,608		411,271	
Nonmajor governmental funds	_	33,112		369,077	_	274,017		676,206	
Total governmental activities	\$_	1,950,364	\$	611,395	\$ <u></u>	786,364	\$ <u></u>	3,348,123	

J. <u>Disaggregation of Receivables and Payables</u> (Continued)

Receivables on the government-wide statement of net assets at September 30, 2008, are as follows:

Category	Receivable	(<i>A</i>	Allowance)		Net	
Governmental activities:						
Property taxes	\$ 1,950,364	\$	-	\$	1,950,364	
Penalty and interest on taxes	610,897		-		610,897	
Intergovernmental receivable	611,395		-		611,395	
Fee office	3,452,051	(2,583,598)		868,453	
Other	786,364			_	786,364	
Total	\$_7,411,071	\$ <u>(</u>	2,583,598)	\$	4,827,473	

Payables on the fund financial statements at September 30, 2008, are as follows:

	_	Accounts Payable	Intergovernmental Payable			Other		Total
Governmental activities:								
General fund	\$	1,155,055	\$	543,316	\$	-	\$	1,698,371
Road and bridge fund		344,714		-		-		344,714
Highway 289 Completion fund		2,920,343		-		-		2,920,343
Nonmajor governmental funds	_	211,145		1,754		1,930	-	214,829
Total governmental activities	\$_	4,631,257	\$	545,070	\$	1,930	\$	5,178,257

K. Federal Arbitrage

General obligation bonds are subject to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 19896 related to arbitrage and interest income tax regulations under those provisions.

L. Operating Leases

The County is committed under various non-cancellable leases for building and office space. These leases are considered for accounting purposes to be operating leases. None of the leases contain renewal or purchase options or escalation clauses. None of the properties under the operating leases are subleased by the County as of September 30, 2008. The County has no leases with related parties.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Commitments and Contingencies

The County is in compliance with all terms of bond indenture agreements, all contracts, and federal, state and local laws and regulations. The various federal and state financial awards and contracts in which the County participates are subject to program compliance audits. The audits of these programs have not yet been accepted by the granting agencies. The amount, if any, which may be disallowed, cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to not be material. Accordingly, no liabilities have been accrued as a contingency related to compliance matters.

B. Retirement Plan

Plan Description

Grayson County, Texas provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all of its fulltime employees through a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of 573 nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS, in the aggregate, issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P. O. Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 8 years of service, but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

B. Retirement Plan (Continued)

Funding Policy

The employer has elected the annually determined contribution rate (ADCR) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually. The employer contributed using the actuarially determined rate of 12.69% for the months of the accounting year in 2008, and 11.27% for the months of the accounting year in 2007.

The deposit rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2008 is the rate of 7%, as adopted by the governing body of the employer.

Annual Pension Cost

For the employer's accounting year ended September 30, 2008, the annual pension cost for the TCDRS plan for its employees was \$2,158,285 and the actual contributions were \$2,158,285. The annual required contributions were actuarially determined as a percent of the covered payroll of the participating employees, and were in compliance with the GASB Statement No. 27 parameters based on the actuarial valuations as of December 31, 2005 and December 31, 2006, the basis for determining the contribution rates for calendar years 2008 and 2007. The December 31, 2007, actuarial valuation is the most recent valuation.

Actuarial Valuation Information

Actual Valuation Date	12/031/05	12/031/06	12/031/07
Actuarial cost method	entry age	entry age	entry age
Amortization method	level percentage	level percentage	level percentage
	of payroll, open	of payroll, closed	of payroll, closed
Amortization period in years	20	15	15
Asset valuation method	long-term	SAF: 10-yr.	SAF: 10-yr
	appreciation for	smoothed value,	smoothed value,
	adjustment	ESF: fund value	ESF: fund value
Actuarial Assumptions:			
Investment return*	8.0%	8.0%	8.0%
Projected salary increases	5.5%	5.3%	5.3%
Inflation	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%
Cost-of-living adjustments	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

^{*} Includes inflation at the stated rate

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

B. Retirement Plan (Continued)

Funding Policy (Continued)

Trend Information for the Retirement Plan for the Employees of Grayson County

	Annual	Percentage	
Accounting	Pension Cost	of APC	Net Pension
Year Ending	(APC)	Contributed	Obligation
		<u> </u>	
09/30/06	\$ 1,623,136	100%	\$ -
09/30/07	1,837,416	100%	-
09/30/08	2,158,285	100%	-

C. Risk Management

The County provides medical and life insurance for its employees through Texas Association of counties. The County pays \$755 per month per participating employee for this coverage. The total cost to the County for providing medical and life insurance benefits for its employees for the year ended September 30, 2008, was \$3,582,913.

D. Post-Retirement Benefits

The County provides health care benefits to its retired employees at a substantial discount, compared to the total cost of the insurance premium. Retirees must meet certain employment requirements to be eligible for retirement rates."

E. Prior Period Adjustment

In the current year, the County determined infrastructure work performed on County roads in the prior year should have been classified as repair and maintenance expense as it did not extend the life of the roads; therefore, capital assets were overstated by \$320,294. As a result, beginning net assets were restated as \$60,594,730.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM TREND DATA SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE RETIREMENT PLAN FOR THE EMPLOYEES OF THE COUNTY

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

		Actuarial					UA	AL as a
	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded			Annual	Per	rcentage
	Value of	Liability	AAL	F	Funded	Covered	of (Covered
	Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)		Ratio	Payroll	P	ayroll
Year	 (a)	 (b)	 (b-a)	_	(a/b)	 (c)	(((b-a)/c
2005	\$ 33,378,754	\$ 41,111,354	\$ 7,732,600	8	81.19%	\$ 15,386,627		50.26%
2006	38,124,658	47,718,430	9,593,772	•	79.90%	16,639,295		57.66%
2007	40,902,246	50,112,616	9,210,370	8	81.62%	18,240,266		50.49%

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	d Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes:				
Property	\$ 23,778,579	\$ 23,778,579	\$ 23,996,654	\$ 218,075
Other	170,000	170,000	191,220	21,220
Penalty and interest on taxes	390,000	390,000	386,274	(3,726)
Licenses and permits	136,500	136,500	70,410	(66,090)
Intergovernmental revenue and grants	1,461,515	1,461,515	1,375,247	(86,268)
Charges for services	2,543,000	2,543,000	2,600,165	57,165
Fines	50,000	50,000	66,895	16,895
Vehicle registration fees	500,000	500,000	509,371	9,371
Investment earnings	945,000	945,000	627,431	(317,569)
Other revenue	275,500	275,500	290,652	15,152
Total revenues	30,250,094	30,250,094	30,114,319	(135,775)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	6,626,640	6,626,640	6,388,917	237,723
Judicial	6,811,133	6,811,133	6,510,761	300,372
Public safety	12,974,356	12,974,356	12,192,118	782,238
Health and welfare	1,440,683	1,440,683	1,356,306	84,377
Culture and recreation	203,060	203,060	158,255	44,805
Conservation and development	248,512	248,512	172,226	76,286
Debt service:				
Principal	156,012	156,012	154,631	1,381
Interest	15,694	15,694	17,073	(1,379)
Capital outlay	817,896	695,327	756,854	(61,527)
Intergovernmental	122,400	122,400	120,065	2,335
Total expenditures	29,416,386	29,293,817	27,827,206	1,466,611
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	833,708	956,277	2,287,113	1,330,836
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(2,832,735)	(2,832,735)	(2,516,306)	316,429
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,832,735)	(2,832,735)	(2,516,306)	316,429
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(1,999,027)	(1,876,458)	(229,193)	1,647,265
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	11,470,618	11,470,618	11,470,618	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 9,471,591	\$ 9,594,160	\$ 11,241,425	\$ 1,647,265

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted	d Amo					
		Original		Final		Actual	Fin	nriance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
REVENUES								
Taxes:								
Property	\$	2,640,000	\$	2,640,000	\$	2,665,620	\$	25,620
Penalty and interest on taxes		30,000		30,000		35,332		5,332
Intergovernmental revenue and grants		-		-		289,346		289,346
Charges for services		1,977,000		1,977,000		2,724,210		747,210
Vehicle registration fees		2,000,000		2,000,000		1,937,068	(62,932)
Investment earnings		142,000		142,000		129,291	(12,709)
Other revenue	_	4,000		4,000		6,403		2,403
Total revenues		6,793,000		6,793,000	_	7,787,270		994,270
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Highways and streets		6,381,044		6,381,044		6,097,752		283,292
Debt service:								
Principal		-		-		6,319	(6,319)
Interest		-		-		4,751	(4,751)
Capital outlay	_	738,500		1,056,474	_	827,260		229,214
Total expenditures		7,119,544		7,437,518	_	6,936,082		501,436
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(326,544)	(644,518)		851,188		1,495,706
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Sale of real and personal property		29,000		29,000		101,522		72,522
Proceeds from capital leases						236,210		236,210
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	29,000		29,000	_	337,732		308,732
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(297,544)	(615,518)		1,188,920		1,804,438
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		2,549,520		2,549,520	_	2,549,520		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	2,251,976	\$	1,934,002	\$	3,738,440	\$	1,804,438

HIGHWAY 289 COMPLETION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	d Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Investment earnings	\$ 906,777	\$906,777	\$ 1,731,672	\$ 824,895
Total revenues	906,777	906,777	1,731,672	824,895
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Capital outlay	18,410,000	18,410,000	15,035,142	3,374,858
Total expenditures	18,410,000	18,410,000	15,035,142	3,374,858
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(17,503,223)	(17,503,223)	(13,303,470)	4,199,753
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	54,760,790	54,760,790	54,760,790	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$37,257,567	\$ 37,257,567	\$_41,457,320	\$4,199,753

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

A. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The County adopts annual appropriated budgets for the General Fund, some Special Revenue Funds and the Debt Service Fund on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Project length budgets are adopted for Capital Projects Funds and amended on an annual basis to reflect the uncompleted portion of the projects.

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- During April or June, the County Judge submits to the Commissioners' court a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Each fund is budgeted on an annual basis with no carryovers into the next year. If a fund has a balance at the end of the year, the balance is included in the computation of available cash for next year's budget.
- Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted.
- The County Auditor is required to monitor the expenditures of the various funds. The budget is controlled on a departmental object class basis. Expenditures can be reallocated within a departmental object class at any time by Commissioners' Court order, but the budget must be formally amended to allow the original level of budgeted expenditures within a fund to be exceeded. All amendments to the budget must be approved by the Commissioners' Court.

The Commissioners' Court approves budget amendments proposed by the County Judge throughout and subsequent to the fiscal year. These amendments are routinely approved and the current year budgetary data presented includes all approved budget amendments. Budgetary amendments are integrated after the fiscal year-end due to the normal year-end closing procedures and adjustments which are discovered during that period. Budget amendments are necessary at that time to comply with Chapter 111, Local Government Code of the State of Texas, which states that funds may be spent only for items or categories of items that are included in the adopted budget. The County has chosen to adopt the budget at the department object class level, since this allows budgetary control, but is still meaningful to the Commissioners' Court and the citizens of the County. All annual appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year, in accordance with state law.







NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

Public Health Fund – This fund is used to account for all financial resources of the Grayson county Health Department. Funding is provided by federal and state grants and contracts, fees, County funds and the Oliver Dewey Mayor Foundation and the Lenore Rainey Trust Fund for use in the following programs: Infants and Child Care, Community Health, and Bio-terrorism Preparedness.

Juvenile Boot Camp Fund – This fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures incurred in the operation of the Juvenile Boot Camp.

Grayson County Employee Activity Fund – This fund is used to account for funds received from courthouse vending revenues. Funds received are used to support activities directed at improving employee morale, including an annual awards and recognition event.

Holiday Lights Fund – The startup funding for this program was provided by local granting agencies to establish a holiday lights display at Loy Park. Annually, the event is held from Thanksgiving until New Year's, with donations being accepted to continue and improve the displays.

Tax Assessor-Collector Special Inventory Tax Fund – This fund accounts for interest earned in the operation of the special inventory function of the Tax Assessor-Collector's office. Tax code specifies that the collector shall retain any interest generated by the escrow account to defray the cost of administration of the prepayment procedure established by this section.

Courthouse Security Fund – This fund was created by the Texas legislature during the year ended September 30, 1994, for the purpose of providing security services in the form of additional security personnel, additional equipment designed to prevent unauthorized entrance to the premises, or equipment designed to detect possession of unlawful weapons on the premises. The revenue for this fund will be derived from fees assessed to individuals convicted of misdemeanor or felony criminal charges in either County or district courts.

Justice Court Building Security Fund – This fund is to account for fees collected by the district, County and justice courts for the purpose of providing security services to County buildings housing a justice court.

Justice Court Technology Fund – This fund is to account for the receipt of fees of office collected by the Justices of the Peace, which are restricted to the enhancement of technology and computer services in the justice courts.

Help America Vote Act Fund (HAVA) – This fund is to account for voter education, election worker education, updating or acquiring voting systems in accordance with the Federal Help America Vote Act of 2002.

County Clerk Records Management Fund – This fund was created by the Texas legislature to collect funds to provide for the means to preserve and archive official County documents, vital statistics and other records in a more effective and efficient manner. The revenue for these funds is derived from fees charged by the County and District Clerks for data preservation.

County Clerk Records Archive Fund – This fund was created by the Texas legislature to collect funds to provide for the means to preserve and archive official County documents, vital statistics and other records in a more effective and efficient manner. The revenue for these funds is derived from fees charged by the County and District Clerks for data preservation.

County Clerk Vital Statistics Fund – This fund was created by the Texas legislature to collect funds to provide for the means to preserve and archive official County documents, vital statistics and other records in a more effective and efficient manner. The revenue for these funds is derived from fees charged by the County and District Clerks for data preservation.

County Records Preservation Fund – This fund was created by the Texas legislature to collect funds to provide for the means to preserve and archive official County documents, vital statistics and other records in a more effective and efficient manner. The revenue for these funds is derived from fees charged by the County and District Clerks for data preservation.

Historical Commission Fund – This fund accounts for receipts received from Grayson County and other donations. Expenditures are for historical activities in Grayson County. Historical markers are the prime activities.

Child Protective Services Fund – This fund accounts for the proceeds received from County funds and other collections that are designated for this program, which provides substitute care and other child care expenses for abused or neglected children.

Court Reporter Services Fund – This fund accounts for the payment of court reporter-related services that may include maintaining an adequate number of court reporters to provide services to the courts, obtaining court reporter transcript services, purchasing court reporter equipment, or providing other services related to the functions of a court reporter.

Drug Court Donations Fund – This fund accounts for donations received to support the Drug Court program. Donations received are to be used for incentive awards to participants in the state funded program.

Star Recovery Court Fund – This fund tracks funds from the Department of Justice to develop and implement treatment, testing to integrate substance abuse treatment, testing sanctions and incentives in a judicially supervised court setting.

Star Family Drug Court Fund – This is a state grant program used for the purpose of providing group and outpatient substance abuse treatment services to offenders and family members who can benefit from such a program.

District Attorney Hot Check Fund – This fund accounts for fees collected by the County Attorney under the "Hot Check" statute. Expenditures from this fund shall be at the sole discretion of the County Attorney and may be used only to defray the salaries and expenses of the prosecutor's office.

District Attorney Forfeiture Fund – This fund accounts for receipts of forfeited properties, as enabled by House Bill 65 of the 71st Texas legislature, which amended Chapter 59 in the Code of Criminal Procedure. Resources may be used for the official purposes of the County Attorney's office.

Law Library Fund – This fund accounts for the receipt of library fees of office collected by the County Clerk and the District Clerk, which are restricted to payment of the cost of maintaining the County law library.

District Attorney State Supplemental Fund – This fund was established under the provisions of government Code Section 46.004, which states, "Each state prosecutor is entitled to receive not less than \$22,500 a year from the state to be used by the prosecutor to help defray the salaries and expenses of the office. That money may not be used to supplement the prosecutor's salary." The funds received by the Grayson County Attorney's office is primarily used to pay the costs of prosecutors and support staff.

Criminal Justice Division Domestic Violence Grant Fund – This fund accounts for the proceeds and expenditures for this grant resources are to be used to fund a domestic violence investigator to work with local police agencies in training their officers in the proper investigation and treatment of domestic violence incidents.

County Attorney Victim's Liaison Grant Fund – This fund accounts for federal funding provided through the State Attorney General's office. The grant award is to hire staff to assist victims of crime with the legal process, and in receiving compensation for expenses incurred in recovering from criminal activity.

Law Enforcement Block Grant Fund – This fund accounts for the proceeds and expenditures for this grant. Funds are provided by the U. S. Department of Justice. The Local Law Enforcement Block Grants Program was authorized by the Omnibus Fiscal Year 1997 Appropriations Act, Public Law 104-208 for the purpose of providing units of local government with funds to underwrite projects to reduce crime and improve public safety.

Homeland Security Fund – This fund is to account for funds received from the Federal Office of Domestic Preparedness, and administered by the Texas Engineering Extension Service. The funds are used to purchase communications equipment that will help local officials adequately respond to terrorist activity.

Victim Information and Notification Everyday (VINE) Fund – This fund tracks funds received to deliver crime victim services by providing information, resources and funding to crime victims.

Sheriff Drug Forfeiture Fund – This fund is used to account for receipts of forfeited properties, as enabled by House Bill 65 of the 71st Texas Legislature, which amended Chapter 59 in the Code of Criminal Procedure. Resources may be used for law enforcement purposes.

Jail Commissary Fund – This fund accounts for cash receipts received for jail commissary proceeds. Expenditures are restricted to benefits for the County jail at the sole discretion of the County Sheriff.

Federal Forfeiture Fund – This fund accounts for funds provided through a Federal Equitable Sharing Agreement to be used for law enforcement purposes.

Title IV-E Federal Funds – This fund accounts for the spending of federal funds received for administrative expenses incurred in the provision of foster care for juveniles.

Juvenile Probation Fees Fund – This fund accounts for amounts collected by the Juvenile Probation Department from probationers for probation fees and restitution.

Juvenile Case Manager Fees Fund – this fund is to account for fees collected to finance the salary and benefits of a juvenile case manager employed to provide services in cases involving juvenile offenders.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

The **Debt Service Fund** is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general obligation bond principal and interest from governmental resources and principal and interest payments on capital lease obligations.

2003 Refunding Bonds Fund – 1994 and 2003 Series – the function of this fund is to accumulate monies for payment of general obligation and taxable permanent improvement bonds, which are serial bonds due in annual installments. Property taxes levied in excess of actual requirements are legally restricted to servicing this debt until the bond issue is retired. These funds may also account for bonds refinanced through defeasance of previously issued bonds.

State Highway 289 Bonds Fund – The function of this fund is to accumulate monies for payment of obligations related to the issuance of debt for the costs of upgrading Highway 289. Monies received through the Toll Revenue Agreement with Texas Department of Transportation are legally restricted to servicing this debt until the bond issue is retired.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

The *Capital Projects Fund* accounts for all resources used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

Permanent Improvement Fund – This fund is used to account for the cost of improvements to buildings and sidewalks, etc. Financing is provided by tax assessments.

Lateral Road Fund – This fund is used to account for capital expenditures for road and bridge precincts from resources provided by the State of Texas for that purpose.

Right-of-Way Acquisition Fund – This fund is used to account for the cost of acquiring state right-of-way. The financing is provided by a special property tax levied in prior years and interest on investments.

PERMANENT FUND

Texoma Succeeding Generations Trust Fund – This fund is used to account for the assets of this trust held by the County as trustee for the benefit of the citizens of the County. The principal and accumulated earnings are to be retained by the trustee for 150 years (until 2112), at which time the accumulated monies are to be used to purchase or construct a facility within the County to be used for the cultural benefit of the citizens.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	Special Revenue											
		Public Health		Juvenile oot Camp		Employee Activity	Holiday Lights					
ASSETS												
Cash and investments	\$	403,810	\$	110,306	\$	10,448	\$	20,524				
Taxes receivable		-		-		-		-				
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		16,728		239,073		1,244		-				
Intergovernmental receivables	_	162,419	_	35,202								
Total assets	\$ <u></u>	582,957	\$	384,581	\$	11,692	\$	20,524				
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	127,511	\$	36,052	\$	-	\$	-				
Intergovernmental payable		1,754		-		-		-				
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-				
Deferred revenue		-		-		-		-				
Other current liabilities		-										
Total liabilities	_	129,265		36,052								
Fund balances:												
Reserved for:												
Debt service		-		-		-		-				
Capital projects		-		-		-		-				
Purpose of trust		-		-		-		-				
Unreserved, designated for:												
Specific purpose		453,692		348,529		11,692		20,524				
Capital projects					_							
Total fund balances		453,692		348,529		11,692		20,524				
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	582,957	\$	384,581	\$	11,692	\$	20,524				

	Special	Revenue
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						Брестиг	10001	iuc							
Tax A/C S-1-T Penalty		Courthouse Security		9			Justice Court Technology		HAVA Funding		ounty Clerk Records anagement	Records		County Clerk Vital Statistics	
\$ 109,892	\$	584,235	\$	21,314	\$	136,104	\$	- - - 7,680	\$	218,901	\$	506,301	\$	25,432	
\$ 109,892	\$	584,235	\$	21,314	\$ <u></u>	136,104	\$	7,680	\$ <u></u>	218,901	\$	506,301	\$	25,432	
\$ - - - - -	\$ 	7,643 - - - - - - 7,643	\$	- - - - -	\$	569 - - - - - - 569	\$	4,500 - 1,930 6,430	\$	6,104 - - - - - - 6,104	\$	- - - - -	\$	38	
- - - 109,892		576,592		21,314		135,535		1,250		- - - 212,797		506,301		- - - 25,394	
\$ 109,892	\$	576,592 584,235	\$	21,314	\$	135,535	\$	1,250 7,680	\$	212,797	\$_	506,301	\$	25,394 25,432	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	Re	ict Clerk ecords agement		County Records anagement	Historical Commission		Pro	Child otective ervices	
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$	24	\$	153,913	\$	13,635	\$	802	
Taxes receivable		-		-		-		-	
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		-		-		-		-	
Intergovernmental receivables									
Total assets	\$	24	\$	153,913	\$	13,635	\$	802	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	24	\$	143	\$	-	\$	380	
Intergovernmental payable		-		-		-		-	
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-	
Deferred revenue		-		-		-		-	
Other current liabilities		-		-		_		-	
Total liabilities		24	_	143		-		380	
Fund balances:									
Reserved for:									
Debt service		-		-		-		-	
Capital projects		-		-		-		-	
Purpose of trust		-		-		-		-	
Unreserved, designated for:									
Specific purpose		-		153,770		13,635		422	
Capital projects									
Total fund balances				153,770		13,635		422	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	24	\$	153,913	\$	13,635	\$	802	

Special Revenue

							Special	Keven	ue						District
Court Reporter Service		Drug Court Donations		Star Recovery Drug Court		Star Family Drug Court		District Attorney Hot Check		District Attorney Forfeiture		Law Library		Attorney State Supplement	
\$	- - -	\$	15,109 - - -	\$	- - - 13,095	\$	- - - 17,522	\$	2,432 - 2,696	\$	41,742 - - -	\$	36,122 - 124	\$	17,252 - - -
\$	-	\$	15,109	\$	13,095	\$	17,522	\$	5,128	\$	41,742	\$	36,246	\$	17,252
\$	- -	\$	237	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,530	\$	2,308	\$	- -
	- -		-		13,095		17,522		-		-		-		-
	-	_	237		13,095	_	17,522			_	3,530	_	2,308		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	- -		14,872		- -		- -		5,128	_	38,212		33,938		17,252
		_	14,872	_		_			5,128	_	38,212	_	33,938		17,252
\$		\$	15,109	\$	13,095	\$	17,522	\$	5,128	\$	41,742	\$	36,246	\$	17,252

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

			Speci	al Revenue	
	V	CJD omestic iolence Grant	OA Co	G Victim ordinator Grant	Law forcement ock Grant
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$	1,341	\$	-	\$ 14,624
Taxes receivable		_		-	-
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		-		-	-
Intergovernmental receivables		4,779		4,730	
Total assets	\$	6,120	\$	4,730	\$ 14,624
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	6,120	\$	-	\$ -
Intergovernmental payable		-		-	-
Due to other funds		-		4,730	-
Deferred revenue		-		-	-
Other current liabilities					
Total liabilities		6,120		4,730	
Fund balances:					
Reserved for:					
Debt service		-		-	-
Capital projects		-		-	-
Purpose of trust		-		-	-
Unreserved, designated for:					
Specific purpose		-		-	14,624
Capital projects					
Total fund balances		-		<u>-</u>	 14,624
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ <u> </u>	6,120	\$	4,730	\$ 14,624

Special Revenue

					Special	Tec venue					
	Iomeland Security	VINE Grant		Sheriff Forfeiture		Co	Jail ommissary	Federal orfeiture	Title IV-E Federal Funds		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	231,618	\$	90,140	\$ 8,600	\$	261,372	
	- 123,650		- -		- - -		14,152 -	- -		-	
\$	123,650	\$	-	\$	231,618	\$	104,292	\$ 8,600	\$	261,372	
\$	2,666	\$	-	\$	8,672	\$	4,825	\$ 1,126	\$	337	
	120,984		-		-		-	-		-	
	-		-		-		-	-		-	
	123,650		-	_	8,672	_	4,825	 1,126	_	337	
	-		-		-		-	-		-	
	-		-		-		-	-		-	
	-		-		222,946		99,467	7,474		261,035	
_	<u>-</u>		-	_	222,946	_	99,467	 7,474	_	261,035	
\$	123,650	\$	_	\$	231,618	\$	104,292	\$ 8,600	\$	261,372	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

			Spec	ial Revenue		
		uvenile robation Fees		venile Case Manager Fees		Total Nonmajor Special evenue Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	47,351	\$	98,420	\$	3,181,764
Taxes receivable		-		-		-
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		-		-		274,017
Intergovernmental receivables				<u>-</u>	_	369,077
Total assets	\$	47,351	\$	98,420	\$	3,824,858
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	208,285
Intergovernmental payable		-		-		1,754
Due to other funds		-		-		160,831
Deferred revenue		-		-		-
Other current liabilities					_	1,930
Total liabilities					_	372,800
Fund balances:						
Reserved for:						
Debt service		-		-		-
Capital projects		-		-		-
Purpose of trust		-		-		-
Unreserved, designated for:						
Specific purpose		47,351		98,420		3,452,058
Capital projects					_	
Total fund balances	_	47,351		98,420	_	3,452,058
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	47,351	\$	98,420	\$_	3,824,858

		Debt Service	;										
R	2003 efunding Bonds	State Highway 289 Bonds	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds		Permanent Improvement		Lateral Road		Right-of-Way Acquisition		Texoma Succeeding Generations		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
\$	47,744 12,226	\$ 3,187,042 8,289	\$ 3,234,786 20,515	\$	924,870 12,597	\$	225,672 - -	\$	8,849 - -	\$	67,661 - -	\$	7,643,602 33,112 274,017
_				_		_						_	369,077
\$ <u></u>	59,970	\$ 3,195,331	\$ 3,255,301	\$ <u></u>	937,467	\$_	225,672	\$	8,849	\$	67,661	\$ <u></u>	8,319,808
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	2,860	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	211,145
	-	-	-		-		-		-		-		1,754
	- 11 210	- 7.222	-		- 11.062		-		-		-		160,831
	11,319	7,323	18,642		11,862		-		-		-		30,504 1,930
=	11,319	7,323	18,642	_	14,722	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	406,164
	48,651	3,188,008	3,236,659		_		_		_		_		3,236,659
	-	-	-		-		-		8,849		-		8,849
	-	-	-		-		-		-		67,661		67,661
	-	-	-		-		-		-		-		3,452,058
_				_	922,745	_	225,672			_		_	1,148,417
_	48,651	3,188,008	3,236,659	_	922,745	_	225,672		8,849	_	67,661	_	7,913,644
\$_	59,970	\$ 3,195,331	\$ 3,255,301	\$	937,467	\$	225,672	\$	8,849	\$	67,661	\$	8,319,808

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

				Special	Revenue	•		
		Public Health		Juvenile Boot Camp		mployee Activity		Holiday Lights
REVENUES								
Taxes:								
Property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Penalty and interest on taxes		-		-		-		-
Licenses and permits		269,590		-		-		-
Intergovernmental revenue and grants		1,172,643		287,412		-		-
Charges for services		354,731		1,660,974		-		-
Fines		-		-		-		-
Forfeits		-		-		-		-
Investment earnings		-		3,232		293		655
Contributions and donations from private sources		111,252		-		-		94,272
Other		-		-		10,062		-
Total revenues	_	1,908,216		1,951,618		10,355		94,927
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		-		-		14,907		32,981
Judicial		-		-		-		-
Elections		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		1,908,987		-		-
Highways and streets		-		-		-		-
Health and welfare		3,548,792		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		16,748		-		38,066
Debt service:								
Principal		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous fees		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures	_	3,548,792		1,925,735		14,907		71,047
EV CECC (DEFICIENCY) OF DEVENIES								
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,640,576)		25,883	(4,552)		23,880
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Sale of real and personal property		-		-		-		-
Transfers in		1,811,960		78,500		-		-
Transfers out	(63,702)	(78,500)		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u> </u>	1,748,258		-		-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		107,682		25,883	(4,552)		23,880
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	_	346,010	_	322,646		16,244	(3,356)
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	453,692	\$	348,529	\$	11,692	\$	20,524

Special	Revenue
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Tax A/C S-1-T Penalty		Courthouse Security]	Justice Court Building Security		Justice Court Technology		HAVA Funding		County Clerk Records Management		County Clerk Records Archive		County Clerk Vital Statistics	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		16.060		-		-		-	
	-		- 75,487		- 7,468		31,831		16,868		162,952		-		- 11,407	
	16,902		-		7,400		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		_		_		_		_		_		_		_	
	3,249		20,179		550		4,721		-		6,802		13,455		782	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
			85				-				-		150,045		-	
	20,151		95,751		8,018		36,552	_	16,868		169,754		163,500	_	12,189	
	-		113,307		-		-		-		88,622		29,290		10,142	
	-		-		481		34,355		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		989		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		60,683		-		-		-		17,087		-		-	
	-		00,083		-		-		-		17,007		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		36,553		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		819		-		-	
	-	_	-		-		-	_	-	_	-		-	_		
	-		173,990		481		34,355		989		143,081		29,290		10,142	
_	20,151	(78,239)		7,537		2,197		15,879		26,673		134,210		2,047	
							_		_		_		_		_	
	-		-		-		-		-		_		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		_				-	_	-		-		-		-	
	20,151	(78,239)		7,537		2,197		15,879		26,673		134,210		2,047	
	89,741		654,831	_	13,777		133,338	(14,629)		186,124		372,091		23,347	
\$	109,892	\$	576,592	\$	21,314	\$	135,535	\$	1,250	\$	212,797	\$	506,301	\$	25,394	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	Special Revenue									
	F	trict Clerk Records nagement		County Records anagement		storical nmission	Pı	Child rotective services		
REVENUES										
Taxes:										
Property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Penalty and interest on taxes		-		-		-		-		
Licenses and permits		-		-		-		-		
Intergovernmental revenue and grants		-		-		-		-		
Charges for services		8,952		64,886		-		-		
Fines		-		-		-		-		
Forfeits		-		-		-		-		
Investment earnings		7		4,726		437		-		
Contributions and donations from private sources		-		-				-		
Other		-		-		-		-		
Total revenues		8,959		69,612		437				
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government		290		55,065		150		-		
Judicial		-		-		-		-		
Elections		-		-		-		-		
Public safety		-		-		-		-		
Highways and streets		-		-		-		-		
Health and welfare		-		-		-		6,108		
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-		
Debt service:										
Principal		13,246		-		-		-		
Interest		297		-		-		-		
Miscellaneous fees		-		-		-		-		
Total expenditures		13,833		55,065		150		6,108		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(4,874)		14,547		287	(6,108)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Sale of real and personal property		-		-		-		_		
Transfers in		4,560		-		-		6,500		
Transfers out		-	(4,560)		-		-		
Total other financing sources (uses)		4,560	(4,560)		-		6,500		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(314)		9,987		287		392		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		314		143,783		13,348		30		
			_		_	_	_			
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	-	\$	153,770	\$	13,635	\$	422		

~		-
	nacial	Revenue
N)	Deciai	Kevenue

Court Reporter Service		Drug Court Donations		Star Recovery Drug Court		Star Family Drug Court		District Attorney Hot Check		District Attorney Forfeiture		Law Library		District Attorney State Supplement	
\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		127,734		52,679		-		-		-		36,534
	-		5,739		-		-		-		-		82,397		-
	-		-		-		-		-		- 55 620		-		-
	-		229		-		-		-		55,629 1,681		1,370		-
	_		2,680		_		_		_		-		22		_
	27,720		-		_		_		97,800		-		16		_
	27,720		8,648		127,734		52,679		97,800	_	57,310		83,805		36,534
	_		_		_				_		_		_		
	-		- (72)		-		-		-		-		-		-
	27,720	(672)		120,974		51,999		106,401		62,617		106,195		32,291
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	_		-		_		-		_		_		-		_
	-		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	27,720	(672)		120,974		51,999	_	106,401		62,617		106,195		32,291
			9,320		6,760		680	(8,601)	<u>(</u>	5,307)	(22,390)		4,243
	-		-		-		-		-		16,579		-		-
	-		-		-		8,804		-		-		-		-
	-				-					_	-				
			-				8,804		-		16,579				-
	-		9,320		6,760		9,484	(8,601)		11,272	(22,390)		4,243
			5,552	(6,760)	(9,484)		13,729		26,940		56,328		13,009
		\$	14,872	\$		\$		\$	5,128	\$	38,212	\$	33,938	\$	17,252

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	Do Vi	CJD mestic olence drant		OAG Victim Coordinator Grant			.aw rcement k Grant
REVENUES							
Taxes:	¢		¢			¢.	
Property Parally and interest on taxes	\$	-	\$	-		\$	-
Penalty and interest on taxes Licenses and permits		-		-			-
Intergovernmental revenue and grants		61,488		35,905			-
Charges for services		-		-			_
Fines		_		_			_
Forfeits		_		_			_
Investment earnings		_		_			415
Contributions and donations from private sources		33,180		-			_
Other		-		-			_
Total revenues		94,668		35,905			415
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government		-		-			-
Judicial		101,971		47,204			-
Elections		-		-			-
Public safety		-		-			-
Highways and streets		-		-			-
Health and welfare		-		-			-
Capital outlay		-		-			-
Debt service:							
Principal		-		-			-
Interest		-		-			-
Miscellaneous fees		-					
Total expenditures		101,971	#	47,204	#	-	-
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(7,303)	(11,299)		-	415
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Sale of real and personal property		-		-			-
Transfers in		16,515		19,251			-
Transfers out		-		-			-
Total other financing sources (uses)		16,515		19,251			-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		9,212		7,952			415
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	(9,212)	(7,952)			14,209
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	-	\$	-		\$	14,624

Special Revenue	
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Homeland Security	VI	VINE Grant		Sheriff Forfeiture		Jail Commissary		Federal orfeiture	Title IV-E Federal Funds	
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
-		-		-		-		-		-
-		-		-		-		-		-
123,650		30,108		-		92.012		-		55,515 -
-		-		-		82,013		-		-
-		-		50,634		_		_		_
-	(54)		5,742		2,169		418		6,826
-		-		-		-		-		-
				-				<u>-</u>		-
123,650		30,054		56,376		84,182		418		62,341
-		-		-		-		-		-
-		-		-		-		-		-
- 8,507		30,108		33,798		46,302		4,353		35,016
-		-		-		-0,302		-,555		-
-		-		-		-		-		-
115,143		-		1,083		-		5,000		-
-		-		-		-		-		-
-		-		-		-		-		-
122.650	-	20.100		24.001		46.202	-	0.252		25.01/
123,650	<u> </u>	30,108 -		34,881	<u> </u>	46,302	·	9,353 -		35,016
	(54)		21,495		37,880	(8,935)		27,325
-		-		39,265		-		-		-
-		-		-		-		-		-
		-	_	-		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		-
				39,265		-				-
-	(54)		60,760		37,880	(8,935)		27,325
	54			162,186	162,186 61,587			16,409		233,710
\$ -	\$	_	\$	222,946	\$	99,467	\$	7,474	\$	261,035

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	Juvenile Probation Fees	Juvenile Case Manager Fees	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		
REVENUES Taxes:					
Property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Penalty and interest on taxes	Ψ -	Ψ -	Ψ -		
Licenses and permits	_	-	269,590		
Intergovernmental revenue and grants	-	-	2,000,536		
Charges for services	-	-	2,548,837		
Fines	14,111	37,311	68,324		
Forfeits	-	-	106,263		
Investment earnings	1,329	2,568	81,781		
Contributions and donations from private sources	-	-	241,406		
Other	<u> </u>		285,728		
Total revenues	15,440	39,879	5,602,465		
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	-	-	344,754		
Judicial	-	4,356	695,892		
Elections	-	-	989		
Public safety	8,156	-	2,075,227		
Highways and streets	-	-	-		
Health and welfare	-	-	3,554,900		
Capital outlay	-	-	253,810		
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	49,799		
Interest	-	-	1,116		
Miscellaneous fees	-				
Total expenditures	8,156	4,356	6,976,487		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	7,284	35,523	(1,374,022)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Sale of real and personal property	-	-	55,844		
Transfers in	-	-	1,946,090		
Transfers out			(146,762)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1,855,172		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	7,284	35,523	481,150		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	40,067	62,897	2,970,908		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 47,351	\$ 98,420	\$ 3,452,058		

		Debt Ser	vice		•									
Refunding Highway		State Highway 2 Bonds	289	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds		Permanent nprovement		Lateral Road	_	nt-of-Way quisition	S	Texoma ucceeding enerations		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
\$	171,816	\$ 271,7	755	\$ 443,571	\$	105,196	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	548,767
	2,495	2,2	259	4,754		2,764		-		-		-		7,518
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		269,590
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		2,000,536
	-	-		-		-		71,812		-		-		2,620,649
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		68,324
	2.494	140.5	727	152 221		-		7.496		407		2.155		106,263
	2,484	149,7	131	152,221		29,925		7,486		487		2,155		274,055 241,406
	-	-		- -		-		-		-		-		285,728
-	176,795	423,7		600,546		137,885	_	79,298		487		2,155		6,422,836
_	170,793	423,	/31	000,540	_	137,863	_	19,298		407	_	2,133		0,422,830
	_	1,9	900	1,900		77,486		-		_		-		424,140
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		695,892
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		989
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		2,075,227
	-	-		-		-		19,906		750		-		20,656
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		3,554,900
	-	-		-		18,537		-		-		-		272,347
	115,000	-		115,000		-		-		-		-		164,799
	43,038	2,751,6	638	2,794,676		-		-		-		-		2,795,792
_	300			300				-						300
_	158,338	2,753,5	538	2,911,876		96,023		19,906		750	_	-		10,005,042
_	18,457	(2,329,7	787 <u>)</u>	(2,311,330)		41,862		59,392	(263)		2,155	(3,582,206)
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		55,844
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		1,946,090
_						-	_			-		-	(146,762)
_							_	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	_			1,855,172
	18,457	(2,329,7	787)	(2,311,330)		41,862		59,392	(263)		2,155	(1,727,034)
_	30,194	5,517,7	795	5,547,989	_	880,883		166,280		9,112		65,506		9,640,678
\$	48,651	\$3,188,0	800	\$ 3,236,659	\$	922,745	\$	225,672	\$	8,849	\$	67,661	\$	7,913,644



FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Agency Funds are used to account for the assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments.

State Court Costs and Arrest Fees Fund – This fund accounts for collections of the various court costs and arrest fees, as established by the State of Texas. Funds collected are remitted to the state on a quarterly basis. The County is generally allowed to retain 10 percent of the funds collected as a service fee and all interest earned on the funds.

Appellate Justice System Fund – This fund accounts for the collections of this court cost. Funds collected are to be used to assist the Court of Appeals in the administration of the judicial appellate process.

Seized Funds – This fund accounts for collections that are held in trust until awarded by the courts and remitted to the appropriate state, county or individual.

Adult Probation Restitution Fund – This departmental fund is used by the Audit Probation Department to account for collections from probationers for restitution and related interest. All such collections are subsequently remitted to the appropriate person or entity.

District Attorney Bad Check Victims Fund – This fund accounts for collections by the District Attorney for restitution on bad checks. Collections are subsequently remitted to the appropriate person or entity.

Tax Assessor-Collector Fund – This fund accounts for the collections of various taxes for other governments and Grayson County. The County is allowed to retain a percentage of taxes collected for other governments as a collection fee.

Sheriff Law Enforcement Operating Fund – This fund accounts for certain fee collections by the Sheriff's Department, which are reportable to the County Auditor.

Sheriff Bonds Fund – This fund accounts for cash bonds collected by the Sheriff. Cash bonds are held in trust for criminal cases recorded by the County and District Clerk, pending court-ordered disbursement.

County Clerk Trust Fund – This trust fund accounts for funds held by the County Clerk in non-interest bearing accounts or investments for civil cases before the County Court or County Courtat-Law. Disbursements are made upon court order.

District Clerk Trust Fund – This trust fund accounts for funds held by the District Clerk in non-interest bearing accounts and investments for civil cases before the District Courts. Disbursements are made upon court order.

Jail Inmate Trust Fund – This fund accounts for funds held by the Sheriff for inmates of the jail. The funds are held until the inmate is released or transferred. The inmates' commissary or applicable medical purchases are deducted from the inmate account prior to release, and paid to the appropriate vendor.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	State				District		
	Court Costs	Appellate		Adult	Attorney		
	and Arrest	Justice	Seized	Probation	Bad Check		
	Fees	System	Funds	Restitution	Trust		
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$ 297,621	\$ 9,313	\$ 48,458	\$ 216,395	\$ 65,995		
Total assets	\$ 297,621	\$ 9,313	\$ 48,458	\$ 216,395	\$ 65,995		
LIABILITIES							
Due to other agencies and individuals	\$ 297,621	\$ 9,313	\$ 48,458	\$ 216,395	\$ 65,995		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 297,621	\$ 9,313	\$ 48,458	\$ 216,395	\$ 65,995		

District		Tax	Sheriff Law					County		District		Jail		
Attorney		Assessor	Enforcement		Sheriff		Clerk		Clerk		Inmate			
Restitution		Collector	Operating		Bonds		Trust		Trust		Trust		Totals	
\$	800	\$_1,439,373	\$	650	\$	376,843	\$	1,502,074	\$_	2,544,439	\$	78,079	\$	6,580,040
\$	800	\$ 1,439,373	\$	650	\$	376,843	\$	1,502,074	\$_	2,544,439	\$	78,079	\$	6,580,040
Ф	000	Ф. 1.420.272	ф	650	Ф	276.042	ф	1 502 074	ф	2.544.420	ф	70.070	ф	c 500 040
\$	800	\$ <u>1,439,373</u>	\$	650	\$ <u></u>	376,843	\$	1,502,074	\$_	2,544,439	\$	78,079	\$ <u></u>	6,580,040
\$	800	\$ 1,439,373	\$	650	\$	376.843	\$	1,502,074	\$	2.544.439	¢	78.079	\$	6,580,040
Φ	000	Φ <u>1,439,373</u>	Ф	030	Φ	370,843	Φ	1,302,074	Ф_	2,344,439	Φ	70,079	Φ_	0,360,040



OTHER INFORMATION REQUIRED BY GAO





REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Commissioners' Court Grayson County, Texas

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Grayson County, Texas (the "County") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 2, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the County's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the County's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Commissioners' Court and others within the County and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

June 2, 2009



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Honorable Commissioners' Court Grayson County, Texas

We have audited the compliance of Grayson County, (the "County"), with the types of compliance requirements described in the U. S. Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") Circular A-133 *Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2008. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Nonprofit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the County complied in all material respects with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2008.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the County's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the County's trustees, others within the County, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

June 2, 2009

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	Federal CFDA	Pass-through	Federal	
Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Number	Grantor's Number	Expenditures	
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed through the Texas Department of Agriculture: National School Lunch Program Total Passed through the Texas	10.555	75-J6011	\$ 86,530	
Department of Agriculture			86,530	
Passed through Texas Department of Health: Special Supplemental Food Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC) Total Passed through Texas Department of Health	10.557	10.557	607,311	
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			693,841	
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Passed through Office of the Attorney General: Victim Coordinator and Liaison Grant Total Passed through Office of the Attorney General	16.576	0801704	35,905 35,905	
Passed through Office of the Governor, Criminal Justice Division:				
Victim Notification Grant (Vine)	16.576	08-00300	30,108	
Violence Against Women Act	16.588	1344910	61,488	
County STAR Recovery Court Program	16.738	DJ-07-A10-18042-03	121,995	
County Family Drug Court Program	16.738	DC-08-A10-18678-02	51,259	
Total Passed through Office of the Governor, Criminal Justice Division			264,850	
Direct Programs:				
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	16.606	2006-F2535-TX-AP	7,643	
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	16.606	2008-AP-BX-0772	34,852	
Total Direct Programs			42,495	
Total U. S. Department of Justice			343,250	
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
Direct			50,841	
Passed through Texas Department of Transportation:				
Airport Maintenance Program	20.106	M801DENSN	50,000	
Airport Maintenance Program	20.106	0701DENSN	1,721	
Airport Maintenance Program	20.106	7X1AV023	2,195	
Airport Maintenance Program	20.106	0801DENSN	3,203,652	
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	0091-01-043	15,035,142	
Total Passed through Texas Department of Transportation			18,292,710	
Total U. S. Department of Transportation			18,343,551	

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Grantor's Number	Federal Expenditures	
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES				
Passed through Texas Department of Health:				
Title V, Part A - Maternal and Child Health Programs	93.110	2008-02370-001A	\$	16,290
Injury Prevention and Control Research and State and				
Community Based Programs	93.116	2008-025289-001		20,175
Immunization Grant	93.268	2008-023964		52,175
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention - Investigation and				
Technical Assistance OOPHP/Bioterrorism	93.283	2008-022948		193,061
Title XX - Family Planning - Social Services Block Grant	93.667	2008-023945-001A		127,534
Medicaid - Title XIX - Medical Assistance Program	93.778	2008-023945-001		14,923
Preventive Health Services Block Grant	93.991	2008-024482		124,593
Total Passed through Texas Department of Health				548,751
Passed through Texas Juvenile Probation Commission:				
Title IV-E - Foster Care	93.658	TJPC E-2008-091		62,134
Total Passed through Texas Juvenile Probation Commission				62,134
Total U. S. Department of Health and Human Services				610,885
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY				
Passed through the Texas Department of Public Safety,				
Division of Emergency Management:				
State Homeland Security Program	97.042	07-SR-48181-01		2,058
State Homeland Security Program	97.042	2008 EMPG		8,507
Interoperable Communications Equipment	97.055	07-SR 48181-01		115,143
Total Passed through Texas Department of Public Safety,				
Division of Emergency Management				125,708
Passed through the Governor's Division of Emergency Management:				
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	Disaster #1709		69,314
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	Disaster #1709		69,689
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	Disaster #1709		108,864
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	98.036	Disaster #1709		42,457
Total Passed through Governor's Division of Emergency Manager			290,324	
Total U. S. Department of Homeland Security				416,032
Total Federal Expenditures			\$	20,407,559

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

1. GENERAL

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all applicable federal awards programs of Grayson County. The County's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 of the financial statements. Federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies, are included on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The modified accrual basis of accounting is described in Note 1 of the financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Summary of Auditors' Results

Type of report on financial statements

Unqualified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiencies identified that are not

considered to be material weakness(es)?

None reported

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiencies identified that are not

considered to be material weakness(es)?

None reported

Noncompliance which is material to the

basic financial statements None

Type of report on compliance with major

programs Unqualified

Findings and questioned costs for federal and state

awards as defined in Section 501(a), OMB

Circular A-133 None

Dollar threshold considered between Type A

and Type B federal and state programs \$300,000

Low risk auditee statement The County was classified as a low-risk auditee

in the context of OMB Circular A-133

Major federal programs Airport Maintenance Program, CFDA #20.106

Highway Planning and Construction, CFDA #20.205

Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which are
Required to be Reported in Accordance With Generally
Accepted Auditing Standards

None

Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

None

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

None

